

DESCRIPTION FOR TECHNICAL DRAWINGS

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1. Crater View Secondary School, Nakuru (Kenya)

Project location	Crater View Secondary School, Nakuru, Kenya	
Planning institution	Egerton University, Kenya; Rosa Project	
Supporting agency	European Union, 6th Framework Programme	
Project period	2008 / 2009	
Number of users	200 students (120 girls and 80 boys), 16 teachers and 7 workers	
Technologies applied	<u>UDDTs:</u> Eight cubicles of single vault UDD toilets; the girls section was provided with 5 cubicles (25 students per toilet), 4 waterless urinals and a space for changing clothes; the boys were provided with 3 cubicles and 9 waterless urinals; each side has two hand washing facilities; water for hand washing is harvested from the roof and piped to the water basins.	
	Picture 1: Urine diverting dry toilet. Picture 2: UDDT cubicle.	
	Urinals (boys and girls):Urine from the 4 girls' urinals, 9 boys' urinals and from the UDD toilets is collected and stored into a 2000 litre masonry underground tank. The tank is enough to hold urine for approximately 2 months assuming a generation rate of 0.20 l/student (only during the day since the school is a day school). The total amount generated by 200 students will be 40 litres per day amounting to 2000 litres in 50 working days (2 months).	

	Picture 3: Urinals for girls.	Picture 4: Urine storage tank.
	Drying shed: The area of the drying	shed for storage of faeces is $22m^2$ and the
	dimensions are 6m x 3.6 m. Picture 5: Drving shed for faeces.	Picture 6: Dried faeces.
	Tradic 5. brying shear of rideces.	
Costs	Table 1: Cost for construction of UDDT at c	rater view secondary school (1€ =104Kshs)
	Item Description 1 Excavation and earthworks 2 Concreting 3 Walling 4 Roofing 5 Doors 6 Sanitary installations 7 Finishes Total (KES) Total (EUR) Table 2: Cost for construction of drying shear	Amount (KES) \$ 20293 \$ 84754 130252 66821 \$ 66821 \$ 86076 \$ 66149 79724 534070 5135 5135

	Item 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Description Cider posts and poles Timber Iron sheets and nails Gutters and holders Cement Sand Aggregate Building stones Wire mesh Labour Total (KES)	Amount (KES) 2380 21150 14700 2000 8000 5000 14000 5280 6600 10000 89110	
		Total (EUR)	857	
Operation & Maintenance	The entire project is managed by the school. The day to day cleaning of the toilet is done by an employee of the school. Collection, transportation and emptying of the faeces is done once every three months during the holidays. The urine tank is emptied when required.			
Further details	Muchiri, E.W., Raude, J., Mutua, B. (2010). UDDTs and greywater treatment at Crater View Secondary School, Nakuru, Kenya - Draft. SuSanA. http://www.susana.org/docs_ccbk/susana_download/2-125-d8- 6ke3craterviewsecondaryschoolsusana.pdf			

2. St. Joseph Hospital, Kitgum (Uganda)

Project location	St. Jospeh Hospital, Kitgum, Uganda
Planning institution	EcoSan Club Consulting KG, Austria
Supporting agency	BBM, Austria
Project period	2007 / 2008
Number of users	
Technology applied	<u>UDDTs</u> : One dry toilet for each family of staff members; the total number of dry toilets are 37; urine is collected in jerry cans and used as a natural fertiliser; the faecal matter is stored and dried on site first by using a container based system and additionally co-composted with other biodegradable wastes at a separate composting area.



3. Migyera Hospital, Migyera (Uganda)

Project location	Migyera Health Center, Migyera, Uganda
Planning institution	EcoSan Club KG
Supporting agency	DKA, Austria
Project period	2009/ 2010
Number of users	
Technology applied	2 UDDTs for the staff of the health center, 8 dry toilets for patients and patients' attendants. The faecal matter is collected and dried in containers on site and than transported to a separate composting area for additional co- composting with other biodegradable waste.

Costs	-
Operation & Maintenance	The O&M is done by a care taker employed by the health center.
Further details	-

4. UDDT – Infirmary Hospital, Balit (Phillipines)

Project location	Infirmary Hospital, Balit, Phillipines	
Planning institution	EcoSan Club Consulting KG, Austria	
Supporting agency	BBM, Austria	
Project period	2003 - 2005	
Number of users		
Technology applied	UDDTs: indoor UDDTs with special toilet seat for sitting; urine is collected in a separate piping system (PVC DN 50, min. slope 1%) and stored in PVC tanks; dried faeces will be stored in containers of 60cm diameters and a height of 60cm. The containers are made of perforated metal sheets lined with fabric material. The processing vault is sufficiently large to provide space for two containers, one being used and the other one drying further. Still the dried faeces need a secondary composting step to be ready for safe reuse. For this purpose and also to store other wastes before treatment/disposal a waste treatment area is provided. Picture 11: UDDT block outside Picture 12: Indoor UDDT Utinal: water less urinals for all toilets potentially used by men.	
Costs		
Operation & Maintenance	Care takes employed by the hospital.	
Further details		