



Resource recovery workshop – FSM3 conference Faecal sludge to solid industrial fuel

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Faecal sludge to fuel Presentation outline

- 1. Faecal sludge fuel production (Dr. Seydou Niang).
- 2. Faecal sludge combustion (Dr. Seydou Niang).
- 3. Environmental and operational considerations (Mr. Moritz Gold).



Why use faecal sludge as a solid fuel? High revenue potential in urban Sub-Saharan Africa



Diener et al. (2014): Resources, Conservation and Recycling 88, 32–38.



Transforming faecal sludge into fuel

Pilot-scale research in Dakar





- 90% dryness required by industries.
- Turning increased drying rate by 20%.
- Operation of ventilated greenhouses needs to be developed for the local climatic conditions.
- Helminth eggs in final fuel detectable
 → additional advantage of energy recovery.



Dried faecal sludge

Energy value comparable to other solid biofuels





Product development with industries

Pilot-scale kiln research in Dakar





Product development with industries

Pilot-scale kiln research in Kampala











Faecal sludge to energy Opportunities & challenges

- Important to select resource recovery technology based on local market demand.
- Vicinity to urban market reduces transport costs.
- Energy recovery reduces need for pathogen removal.
- High ash content and low fuel quantities for industry-scale markets.
- Concentration of phosphorus and heavy metals in the ash.
- Solid fuel has higher revenues compared to using it as a soil conditioner in agriculture.



Ongoing & future research Faecal sludge to energy

- SEEK project (<u>www.sandec.ch/seek</u>): Pelletizing and gasification of faecal sludge and other urban biowaste to produce fuel pellets and electricity.
- Technology development of drying beds to increase product quality (e.g. geotextile).
- Potential of slow-pyrolysis/carbonization and hydrothermal carbonization (HTC) to produce char from faecal sludge.









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