Integrated Management of Used Water in Neighborhoods of Leon/Nicaragua





November 11, 2015 BORDA Symposium

Central Role of Wastewater Management on Sustainable Development in Nicaragua





Central Role of Wastewater Management on Sustainable Development in Nicaragua

Based on BORDA's

Decentralized – Integrated – Participatory Approach





Transforming a slaughterhouse nightmare into an acceptable municipal service





BORDA aims at contributing to create:

Livable cities Livable villages



Transforming W&S mess into wellness



Focusing on the less fortunate 50%



Contributing to turn the Municipality of Leon Into a better place to live





Background

- Municipal Slaughterhouse
- Meat dealers /butchers rent the facilities
- 30 cattle and 30 pigs slaughtered /day
- No line-slaughtering system
- "Hot" or unrefriegerated-meat
- Slaughtering at night
- Little supervision/hygiene control



Background

Slaughter house was already upgraded

Line-Slaughtering for pigs

 \rightarrow Not in use

Electroshock stunning

- → Not in use
- Tiled walls at cow-slaughtering hall
- Wastewater treatment system

→ Never worked.



What is the nightmare at the Slaughterhouse?























Initiation of the Project

Municipality has a problem:

- Neighborhood is fighting the slaughterhouse.
- Ministry of Environment wants to close it.

BORDA looks for Pilot Grounds for DSS-Projects:

Their problem is our opportunity



The Vision for the slaughterhouse

- A slaughterhouse generating decent meat
- Animal respected although slaughtered
- Cero Waste business: No liquid, no solid wastes
 - Slaughterhouse linked to urban agriculture
 - "GreenBull" Products as valuable as meat
 - Org. fertilizer production



Explaining the project to the Local Government

BORDA to Mayor
"Sir, we have a decentralized, integrated wastewater treatment solution for your slaughterhouse"

"And Sir, we follow strictly a participatory approach"



Explaining the project to the LG

Mayor to BORDA

"Mr., where can I see one of these decentralized, integrated wastewater treatment solutions?"

Mayor thinks, but does not say it:

"Does participatory mean these fellows will hold community meetings and so on?"



1st Agreement on Common Ground only

Treatment of residues required by Municipality

Treatment required by BORDA's Innovative DSS

Project Contract with BORDA:
40.000 EUR Municipality of Leon
120.000 EUR BORDA and Partners



2nd Agreement on New Common Ground

Municipality provides unused land

BORDA promises Residue-Conversion Enterprise

Project Contract with BORDA:

0.00 EUR Municipality of Leon
50.000 EUR BORDA and Partners



BORDA aims at:

Participatory Approach

It is considered the Target Group knows best what they need.



If it is not true -> building on false assumptions

Target Group contributes to the project



passing on the responsibility for potential failure

Often it steals poor people's time





BORDA aims at:

Participatory Approach

Community involvement may be interpreted as political act

Community to be involved as one of the stakeholders

Community involvement requires time

Community contribution not at infrastructure level



BORDA aims at:

Innovation

Innovative Decentralized Sanitation Solution (Packages)



Innovative: introduce something new or different



Piloting aspect linked to it



Risk of piloting has to be beard by DC





The NaKoPa - Project

Project Partner

Funding

City of Hamburg,

EGG

BORDA

City of León

Technical

BORDA

+

Collective local know-how

Univ. La Salle UNI

Administration

Univ. La Salle









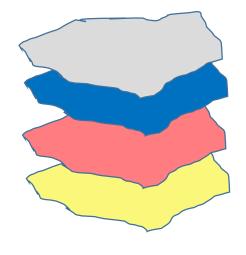


The NaKoPa-Project

An integrated Project

A multilayered project on environmental management

4 Components



Pilot Intervention

Link with the academia

Extrapolation to the watershed

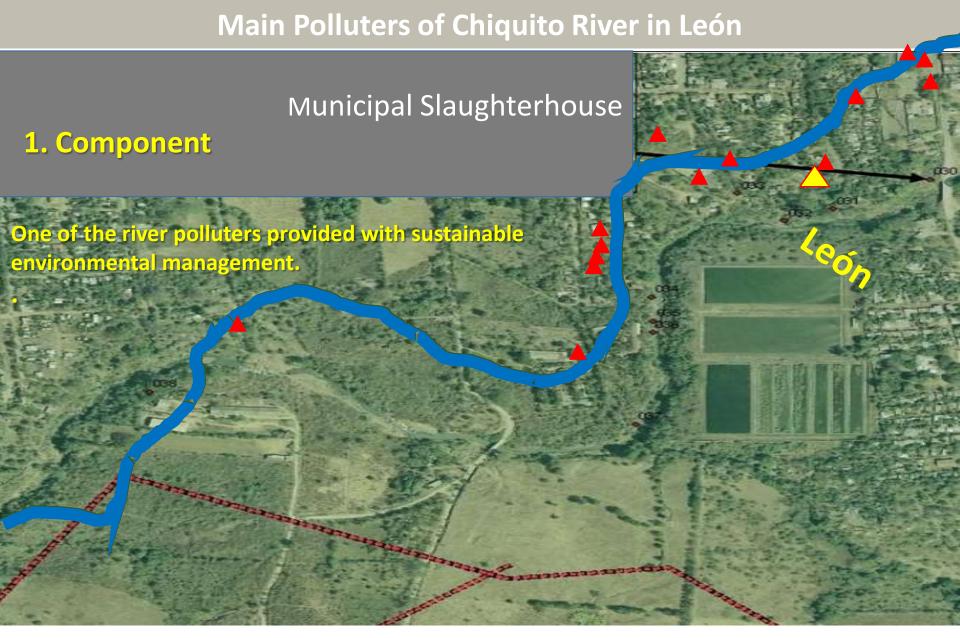
City exchange



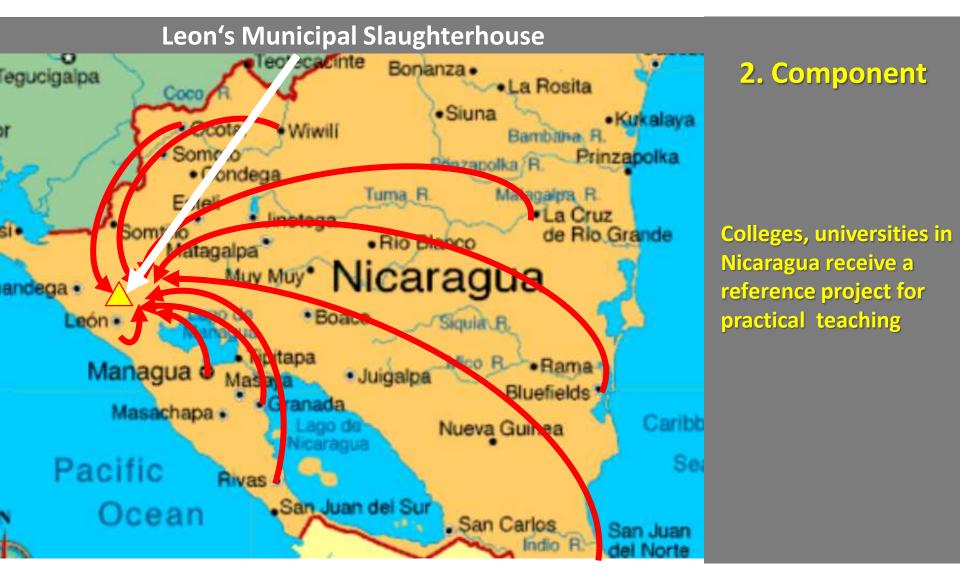








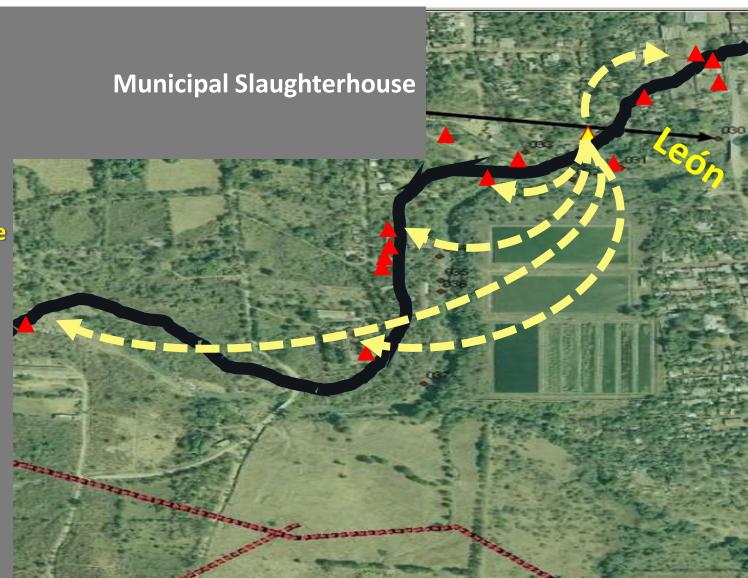






3. Component

Extrapolation of experiences to the other polluters of the wider catchment area - watershed.





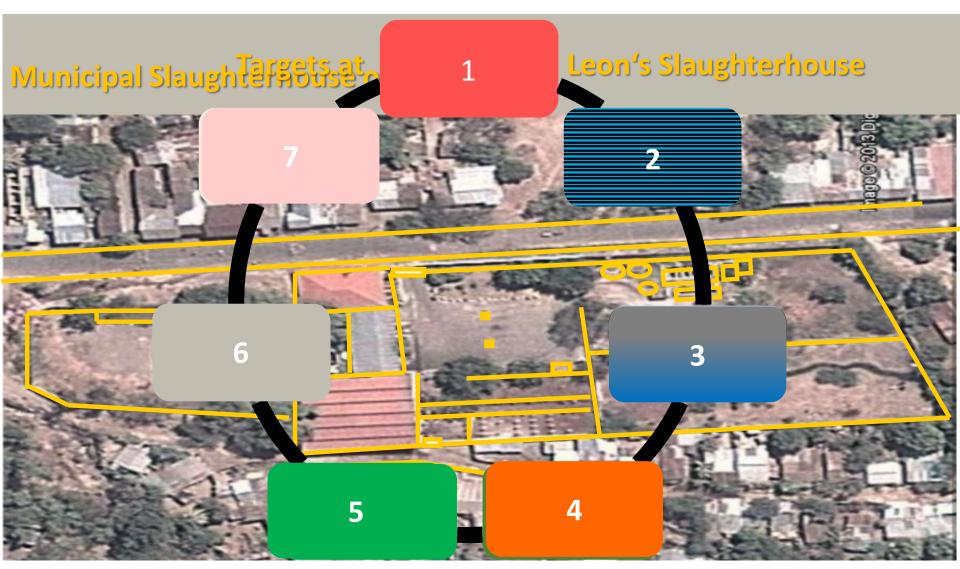


BORDA's approach of the "3rd Way "



Cost











Slaughtering Process

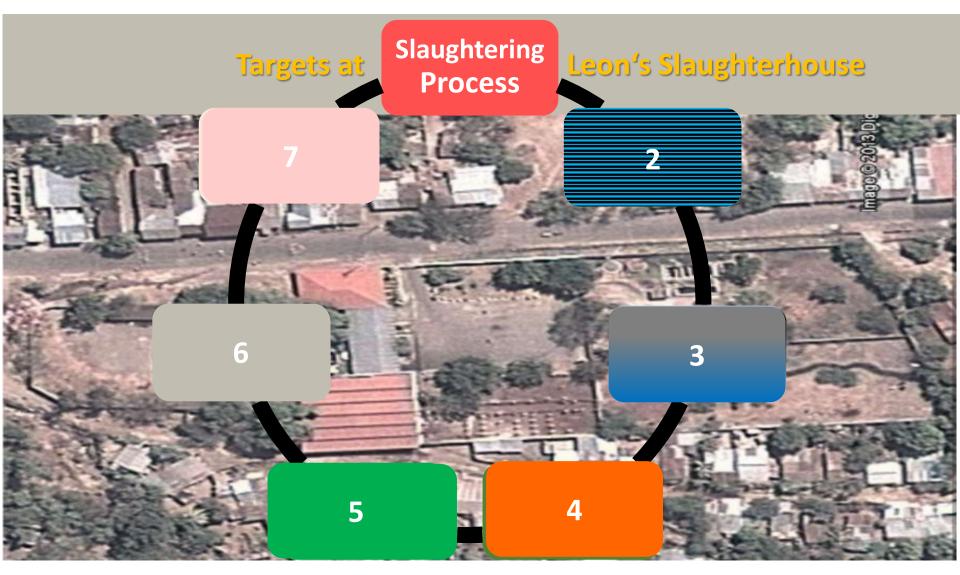


- Cleaner
- Simpler
- Safer
- Improved animal welfare





















- Easy to O&M
- Safer

















Waste Treatment





- Separation of solids
- 2 Anaerobic treatment steps
- 1 Horizontal PGF
- Humification
- Drying bed
- Easy to O&M
- Neutralisation of greenhouse gas













Biogas Utilization



- Gas collection
- Wood substitution
- Safer
- Hot water: pig scaldering















Reuse of Org. Residues



- Food production
- Closing the nutrient cycle
- Know-how transfer from Cuba













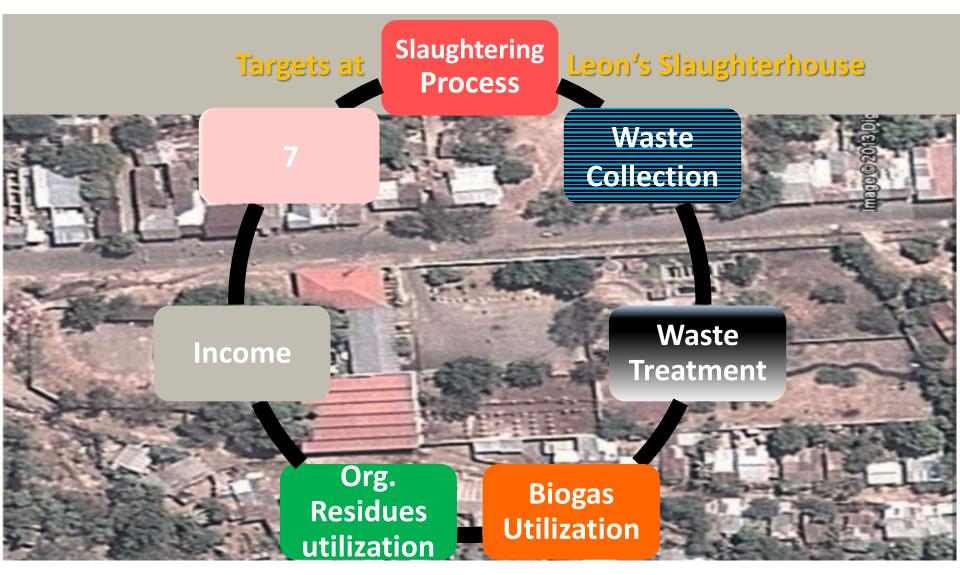
Income

- High consumption of water
 60 m3
- Consumption of wood



- 1/3 of the water consumption 20-25 m3
- Firewood substituted by biogas
- Production of vegetables
- Reduction of expenditures
- Increase of number of slaughtered animal
- New source of incomes (15.000 USD/year)
- Creation of job opportunities







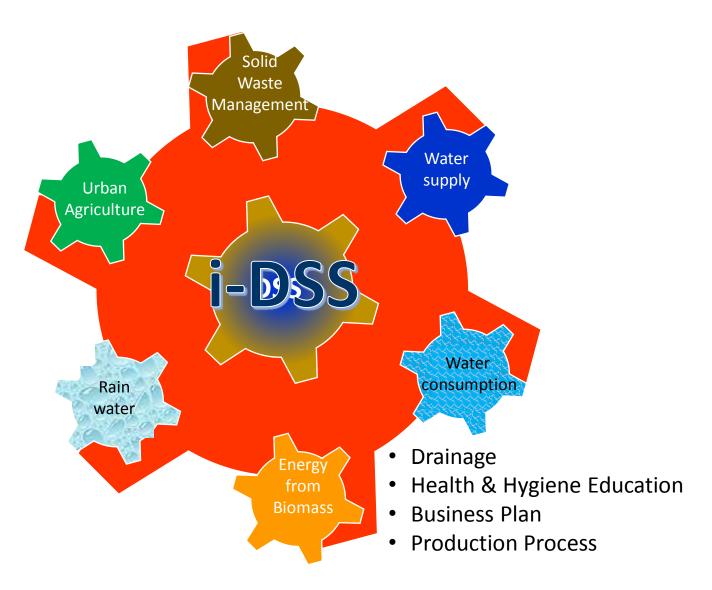
Administration



- Compliance with the regulation of the Slaughterhouse
- Improved control of illegal slaughtering
- Selling the concept of sustainable municipal service.
- Adaptation of the slaughtering fees

Integrated Dezentralised Sanitation Solutions





Real-scale pilot interventions of innovative projects

Focusing on delivering the service

Implementation of programs, with projects of 2-3 years

Components driven by specialists

Community involvement should not substitute Municipal responsibilities.

We need to win the Municipalities for the innovation

Wider Planning and Implementation to be done parallel





