sustainable sanitation alliance

Background

The Sustainable Sanitation Alliance (SuSanA) *joint* roadmap 2015 to 2018 was drafted to organise the platform to respond more effectively to the challenges of the Millennium Development Goals (MDG) and the Post-2015 Development Agenda.

The SuSanA strategy process was initiated following a plenary meeting at the Stockholm World Water Week 2012. On initiative of the secretariat, a core group and key stakeholder meeting was convened in April 2013. The platform's historical development, status quo, mode of operations, changing frame conditions were analysed and its potential assessed. Based on these results, elements for a draft joint roadmap were elaborated on by a core group think tank in June 2013. At the SuSanA meeting in September 2014, strategic refinements were decided and a timeline for operationalization was drafted.

This roadmap is considered a working document.

SuSanA Vision

The SuSanA vision document, "Towards More Sustainable Sanitation Solutions" (v1.2/2008), is the common basis that all members of the alliance agree on and work towards in their respective activities towards achieving sustainable sanitation solutions. The definition of sustainable sanitation along the five SuSanA sustainability criteria together with the "Bellagio Principles for Sustainable Sanitation" are still valid.

The SuSanA is an established international alliance unifying a wide range of members working along the same lines. SuSanA is open to others, who want to join and be active in understanding and promoting sustainable sanitation systems. SuSanA invites all stakeholders of the sanitation sector to join the alliance to exchange and to contribute ideas, and to become active members.

The Five SuSanA Sustainability Criteria

The main objective of a sanitation system is to protect and promote human health by providing a clean environment and breaking the cycle of disease. In order to be sustainable a sanitation system has to (1) promote health and hygiene effectively, (2) be financially and economically viable, (3) socially acceptable and

SuSanA Joint Roadmap 2015 to 2018 – Towards More Sustainable Sanitation Systems

Version 1.3 (June 2017)

institutionally appropriate, (4) technically appropriate including operation and maintenance (O&M), and (5) protect the environment and natural resources. See box 1 for full definitions.

Five SuSanA Sustainability Criteria

- (1) **Health and Hygiene:** includes the risk of exposure to pathogens and hazardous substances that could affect public health at all points of the sanitation system from the toilet via the collection and treatment system to the point of reuse or disposal and downstream populations. This topic also covers aspects such as hygiene, nutrition and improvement of livelihood achieved by the application of a certain sanitation system, as well as downstream effects.
- (2) **Environment and Natural Resources:** involves the required energy, water and other natural resources for construction, operation and maintenance of the system, as well as the potential emissions to the environment resulting from use. It also includes the degree of recycling and reuse practiced and the effects of these (e.g. reusing wastewater; returning nutrients and organic material to agriculture), and the protecting of other non-renewable resources, for example through the production of renewable energies (e.g. biogas).
- (3) **Technology and Operation:** incorporates the functionality and the ease with which the entire system including the collection, transport, treatment and reuse and/or final disposal can be constructed, operated and monitored by the local community and/or the technical teams of the local utilities. Furthermore, the robustness of the system, its vulnerability towards power cuts, water shortages, floods, etc. and the flexibility and adaptability of its technical elements to the existing infrastructure and to demographic and socio-economic developments are important aspects to be evaluated.
- (4) Financial and Economic Issues: relate to the capacity of households and communities to pay for sanitation, including the construction, operation, maintenance and necessary reinvestments in the system. Besides the evaluation of these direct costs also direct benefits e.g. from recycled products (soil conditioner, fertiliser, energy and reclaimed water) and external costs and benefits have to be taken into account. Such external costs are e.g. environmental pollution and health hazards, while benefits include increased agricultural productivity and subsistence economy, employment creation, improved health and reduced environmental risks.
- (5) **Socio-Cultural and Institutional Aspects:** the criteria in this category evaluate the socio-cultural acceptance and appropriateness of the system, convenience, system perceptions, gender issues and impacts on human dignity, the contribution to food security, compliance with the legal framework and stable and efficient institutional settings.¹

¹ Based on Kvarnström et al. (2004): Sustainability Criteria in Sanitation Planning. 30th WEDC Conference Vientiane Lao PDR, 2004. URL: http://wedc.lboro.ac.uk/resources/conference/30/Kvarnstrom.pdf

Mission

The SuSanA mission statement has been developed on the open SuSanA discussion forum, since late 2012, and reads:

"SuSanA is an open international alliance with members who are dedicated to understanding viable and sustainable sanitation solutions. It links on the ground experiences with an engaged community made up of practitioners, policy makers, researchers, and academics from different levels with the aim of promoting innovation and best practices in policy, programming and implementation."

Goal and Objectives of the Alliance

The **overall goal** of the SuSanA is to contribute to the achievement of current and future international development goals (MDGs, SDGs post-2015) by promoting a systems approach to sanitation provision taking all aspects of sustainability into consideration.

This goal is pursued through the following key engagement areas:

- Awareness creation on sustainable sanitation
- Momentum generation for sustainable sanitation at the highest political levels (information for decision makers) to promote sufficient resource allocation
- Knowledge provision for planning, designing, implementation and monitoring of sustainable sanitation systems (innovation and best practices)
- · Discussion facilitation of new thematic trends
- Vision development for global, regional and national sustainable sanitation approaches with outreach to and in synergy with other sectors (e.g. Water, Energy, Agriculture - Nexus)
- Identification, communication and promotion of upscaling examples for sustainable sanitation solutions (e.g. financing instruments, mechanisms and bankable projects)

How shall SuSanA address these key engagement areas?

SuSanA shall realise its objectives to promote the SuSanA Vision by pursuing the following roles (as revisited in June 2013):

- Coordination and Discussion Platform to connect and bring together actors from the sanitation sector to communicate and debate in an impartial environment on issues related to sanitation.
- Sounding Board to offer a platform for members to receive input and review of their publications from the SuSanA community.
- Policy Dialogue Facilitator to support members involved in policy dialogue at national and international levels through inputs generated from working groups.
- Working Platform –

1.) to create an enabling working environment for members to contribute to SuSanA through tasks forces and working groups.

2.) to promote **knowledge exchange and learning** amongst members, with knowledge resources linked to the SuSanA platform (SuSanA library, conference materials, capacity building tools, drawings etc.) and while producing case studies on projects around the world.

Strategic Topics and Opportunity Areas – what we are working on

The following overarching **strategic topics** were identified as relevant topics of engagement along which SuSanA should orient its activities until the end of 2018:

- a. SDG/Post-2015 Development Agenda SuSanA contributes to the harmonisation of monitoring (with regard to sanitation) of the new development goals and actively contributes to their translation into sustainable action on the ground. (http://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/index.php?menu=1300)
- b. Contribute to Large-Scale Sanitation Roll-Outs SuSanA facilitates the development and discussion of advocacy, decision making, planning and monitoring tools (e.g. "SFDs", city wide planning approaches) for up-scaling of sustainable sanitation and creating an enabling environment
- c. Discussion of Selected Strategic Topics by utilising its new and existing online and offline infrastructure, SuSanA facilitates discussion on e.g. the following issues:
 - Sanitation and Nutrition SuSanA will contribute to more awareness and knowledge on the link between these issues
 - Sanitation in Emergencies SuSanA will foster exchange and promote better collaboration between humanitarian and development actors
 - Functional Sanitation Ladder SuSanA will revisit the development of the sanitation ladder as an important tool to measure progress on the sanitation target set by the MDGs. (http://www.iwaponline.com/washdev/001/0003/0010003.pdf)
 - Nexus (Water, Energy, Food Security) SuSanA will explore and promote the opportunities of the nexus approach (http://www.water-energy-food.org/documents/understanding_the_nexus.p_df)

Furthermore, the following *opportunity areas* were identified, where the impartial strength of the SuSanA can be used to generate collated information for the sanitation sector from a multitude of stakeholder inputs, via collaboration and investments of members:

- Knowledge Management: through overviews of all research, capacity development initiatives and member activities, as well as promotion and offering of free access to sanitation sector information on current innovations, tools and progress
- Discussion / Collaboration: either through the existing SuSanA infrastructure, such as the working groups (WG), or by setting up online and offline discussion groups for members, where collaboration

- can take place also available to be used by future member funded initiatives.
- Sustainable Sanitation Events: the platform can be used to house online requirements of a sanitation conference with registration forms, pre- and postconference pages and the knowledge
- management of conference materials.
- Regional Chapters: by adapting existing infrastructure, SuSanA enables the establishment of regional working platforms, more efficiently making knowledge (adapted to regional contexts and stakeholders) available to local practitioners

Roadmap Operationalization

When								What	Details	
20	2015 2016 2017 2018)18							
1	2	1	2	1	2	1	2			
SuSanA Strategic Processes and Milestones							ос	esses and Milestones		
								SuSanA Initiatives • Post2015 Development Agenda and Monitoring • Nexus • Functional Sanitation Ladder		
								• "Shit Flow Diagrams"	2 nd phase has started in November 2015	
				Thematic Discussion Series Sanitation Ladder (Pilot) (completed) Urban Sanitation Finance (completed) SDGs (completed) Behaviour Change (completed) WASH and Nutrition (completed) Private Sector Engagement (completed) Community Leaders (completed) Urban Sanitation (completed) WASH in Schools (completed) BabyWASH (completed) BabyWASH (completed) Scaling Up Sanitation Human Rights Menstrual Hygiene Management (completed) Linking WASH Relief and Development Post-Implementation Monitoring						
								SuSanA Webinar Series • Monthly Webinars on various topics		
								Regional Chapters • India • MENA		
								Making SuSanA Working Groups fit for Social Media and other Communication Channels		
								Getting SuSanA ready for the Agenda 2030 • SuSanA Vision Document 2017 • Interlinkages Document • Roll-out		
								SuSanA Marketing Study, Communication Strategy and KPIs Developed by the BMGF Grant Consortium		
Events and Conferences – 2015										
								FSM3: 3 rd International Faecal Sludge Management Conference	18-22 Jan 2015 Hanoi/Vietnam www.fsm3.org	
								World Water Day	22 Mar 2015 worldwide	

							7 th World Water Forum	12-17 Apr 2015 Daegu/Rep. of Korea http://eng.worldwaterforum7.org/main/
							AfricaSan 4	May 2015 Senegal www.africasan.com
							▶ 19 th SuSanA Meeting	As part of AfricaSan 4 www.susana.org
							IWA Nutrient Removal and Recovery Conference	18-21 May 2015 Gdansk/Poland www.nrr2015.org
							Menstrual Hygiene Day	28 May 2015 worldwide www.menstrualhygieneday.org
							38 th WEDC Conference	27-31 Jul 2015 Loughborough/UK www.wedcconference.co.uk
							DT2015: Dry Toilet Conference	19-22 Aug 2015 Tampere/Finland http://www.huussi.net/en/activities/dt-2015/
							Stockholm World Water Week 2015 Thematic Focus: Water for Development	23-28 Aug 2015 Stockholm/Sweden www.worldwaterweek.org
							▶ 20 th SuSanA Meeting	Aug 2015 Stockholm/Sweden www.susana.org
							Global Handwashing Day	15 Oct 2015 worldwide
							2015 Water and Health Conference at UNC	26 – 30 October, Chapel Hill http://waterinstitute.unc.edu/waterandhealth/
							3 rd Amsterdam International Water Week	2-6 Nov 2015 Amsterdam/Netherlands www.internationalwaterweek.com
							WASH and Nutrition Conference	19 Nov 2015 Bonn/Germany www.washnet.de
							World Toilet Day 2015 Theme: Sanitation and Nutrition	19 Nov 2015 worldwide
							UNSGAB Closing Event	Dec 2015, New York
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							SACO-SAN VI	11-13 January, Dhaka, Bangladesh
							IV LatinoSAN	9 -11 Mar 2016, Peru
							World Water Day	22 Mar 2016 worldwide
							Sanitation and Water for All (SWA) High Level Meeting	Apr 2016 Washington/USA
							Menstrual Hygiene Day	28 May 2016 worldwide
							► Kampala WASH Symposium /21st SuSanA Meeting	20-23 June Kampala, Uganda
							39 th International WEDC Conference	11-15 July, Ghana
							▶ 22 nd SuSanA Meeting	27 Aug 2016 Stockholm/Sweden
							Stockholm World Water Week	28 Aug – 1 Sep 2016 Stockholm/Sweden
							Global Handwashing Day	15 Oct 2016 worldwide
							Water and Health Conference at UNC	10 – 14Oct 2016 Chapel Hill, USA
							UN Habitat III	17 – 20 Oct, Quito/ Ecuador
							World Toilet Day	19 Nov 2016 worldwide
veni	ts and	d Co	nfer	enc	es – :	2017	7	
							10 th SuSanA Anniversary	16 – 17 Jan, Eschborn, Germany
							▶FSM 4: 4 th International Faecal Sludge Management Conference	19 – 22 Feb 2017, Chennai, India
							▶23 rd SuSanA Meeting	17 & 18 Feb 2017, Chennai. India
							World Water Day	22 Mar 2017 worldwide
							Menstrual Hygiene Day	28 May 2017 worldwide
							40th International WEDC Conference	24 – 28 July 2017, Loughborough / UK
							Stockholm World Water Week	27 Aug -1 Sep 2017 Stockholm/Sweden
+	+						► 24 rd SuSanA Meeting	26 Aug 2017 Stockholm/Sweden
							Z4" SUSUIIA MEEHING	20 / 10g 2017 STOCKHOILTI/SWEGETT

						Global Handwashing Day	15 Oct 2017 worldwide
						UNC	16 – 20 Oct 2017, Chapel Hills
						COP 23	6–17 Nov 2017, Bonn/ Germany
						World Toilet Day	19 Nov 2017 worldwide
Eve	ent	s an	d C	onf	eren	ces – 2018	
						▶25 th SuSanA Meeting	
						World Water Day	22 Mar 2018 worldwide
						8 th World Water Forum	Apr 2018 Brasilia /Brazil
						Menstrual Hygiene Day	28 May 2018 worldwide
						Stockholm World Water Week	Aug 2018 Stockholm/Sweden
						▶ 26 th SuSanA Meeting	Aug 2018 Stockholm/Sweden
						Global Handwashing Day	15 Oct 2018 worldwide
						World Toilet Day	19 Nov 2018 worldwide
						Preparation for AfricaSan and other events in 2019	

Important Events and Conferences – 2019					
FSM 5	Feb 2019				
LatinoSan					
AfricaSan					

How does one contribute to SuSanA?

	Who is it?	What are their roles?	How should they do it?
SuSanA members	Individuals	 Contribute to knowledge development Provide input to the core topics Use the online platform for their work 	 Express and share their opinions on current SuSanA issues Active participation in discussion forum, WGs and SuSanA general meetings
SuSanA partners	Organisations, academia, research institutes, NGOs, governmental networks and private sector	 Contribute to the sustainability of the Alliance by supporting various activities / meetings Give SuSanA credibility and access to policy dialogues Use the online platform for their activities 	 Contribute financially (when possible) to the functioning of the Alliance and organising SuSanA events Contribute resources (time) for knowledge development and dissemination
Core group (Strategic body)	WG leads, prominent sanitation professionals	 Strategic think-tank responsible for giving orientation to the Alliance 	Guide the secretariatDecision makers outside of SuSanA general meetings
Secretariat (Executive body)	Secretariat team comprising of GIZ professionals	 Steer day to day operations of the alliance Maintenance of SuSanA's communication platforms: Website, forum, social media Seek out opportunities of cooperation, collaboration, coordination and communication Self-initiative along strategic direction directed by decisions in SuSanA plenaries 	 Support day to day operational activities Communication through newsmails, forum, social media, meetings Coordination of events Implement decisions taken by SuSanA plenaries and core group Knowledge management on SuSanA website
Task force	Members with capacity to drive and contribute to specific tasks	 Address overarching topics Derive input from WGs Facilitate discussion and contribute to international dialogue 	 Coordinate with WG leads for inputs Represent SuSanA in thematic discussions
Working Groups (WG)	WG Members and WG lead(s)	 Enable members to form teams to cooperate, collaborate, coordinate and communicate Work cumulatively on a common initiative in a thematic area Provide input to the task forces 	 Active participation on forum, meetings and events Use working group infrastructure for new initiatives
Regional Chapter	SuSanA Partner organisation – giving input to the secretariat and SuSanA-website	 Anchor SuSanA at a regional level Facilitate communication Support scaling up efforts Connect the alliance with regional funding 	 Co-development with core group and secretariat of a contextualised TOR for the chapter Launch chapter and operate as a project in close cooperation with secretariat