

The Sanitation Challenge

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Separated grey- and blackwater treatment by the Komplett water recycling system

A possibility to close domestic water cycle



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Presentation Outline

Introduction

Material & Methods

- greywater pilot plant
- blackwater pilot plant

Results & Discussions

- purification efficiency of the pilot plants
- comparison requirements for reuse
- Summary & Outlook

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Background



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- alternative sanitation concept, which base on the aims of the recycling management
 - separation of different wastewater flows
 - appropriate treatment
 - closed loop systems for water and nutrients



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- creation of a complete package, from in-house technology to automation, remote control technology and information system up to the utilization of the solids
- development of a key technology on base of the best available technology of different branches
- development of a self-sufficient, decentralized and intelligent high-tech-system with
 - ... independence of centralized infrastructure systems for water supply, wastewater and waste disposal
 - ... independence from weather influences

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Basic Idea



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fundamental phase

- characterization of grey- and blackwater
- pretest biological treatment
- test plant using MBR-technology (5 i.e.)
 → generating of reference values for the pilot plant
- technical scale phase
- pilot scale phase

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fundamental phase

technical scale phase

- integration of further plant components for water purification in a technical scale plant (20 i.e.)
- development of operation strategies to achieve optimum water qualities
 - \rightarrow greywater: drinking water quality
 - \rightarrow blackwater: reuse for toilet flushing or irrigation
- operation phase: 01|2007 10|2007
- pilot scale phase

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fundamental phase

technical scale phase

- integration of further plant components for water purification in a technical scale plant (20 i.e.)
- development of operation strategies to achieve optimum water qualities
- operation phase: 01|2007 10|2007
- development of sanitary products and intelligent diagnosis system
- pilot scale phase

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fundamental phase

- technical scale phase
- pilot scale phase
 - integration of Komplett-System in an office building as a demonstration plant (150 - 200 i.e.)
 - close of water cycles
 - \rightarrow greywater: showers, washing machines
 - \rightarrow blackwater: toilet flushing
 - coupled system of sanitary equipment, treatment and visualization

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fundamental phase

- technical scale phase
- pilot scale phase
 - integration of Komplett-System in an office building as a demonstration plant (150 - 200 i.e.)
 - close of water cycles close of water cycles
 - coupled system of sanitary equipment, treatment and visualization
 - acceptance of users
 - enrichment of certain pollutants

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The Pilot Plants



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Greywater

Performance Greywater Plant

summary of greywater quality and removal efficiency (Apr – Oct 2007)

Greywater								
Parameter		Unit	ST	MBR	ΟZ	UV	ACF	UF
COD	Average	mg/L	600	47.5	20.8	24.6	< 5	< 5
	removal efficiency	%	-	92	97	96	99	99
TN	Average	mg/L	12.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.2
	removal efficiency	%	-	88	88	90	91	91
ТР	Average	mg/L	6.9	2.0	2.0	1.9	-	1.8
	removal efficiency	%	-	68	68	68	-	72
E. coli	Median	CFU/100mL	1.20E+05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	removal efficiency	%	-	100	100	100	100	100
Streptoccocus	Median	CFU/100mL	4.81E+04	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
	removal efficiency	%	-	100	100	100	100	100

ST ... Storage tank; MBR ... Membrane-Bio-Reactor; OZ ... Ozonation; UV ... UV-Disinfection; ACF ... Activated Carbon Filtration; UF ... Ultrafiltration (including ClO₂)

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Greywater

Performance Greywater Plant

comparison of effluent to requirements for drinking water (selection)

		Guideline		KOMPLETT	
Parameter	Unit	EU 1998	TVO 2001	Apr - Oct 2007	
Conductivity	µS/cm	2,500		562	
pH-value	pH-value	6.5	-9.5	7.7	
Boron	mg/L	1.	.0 🦳 🧹	< 0.03	
Chromium, total	mg/L	0.0	05	< 0.005 🚕	
Cyanide, total	mg/L	0.0	05	< 0.005	
Fluoride	mg/L	1.	.5	< 0.1	
Nitrate	mg/L	5	0	5.6	
Nitrite	mg/L	0.	.5	< 0.02	
Mercury	mg/L	0.0	01	< <mark>0.00</mark> 05	
Selenium	mg/L	0.	01	< 0.001	
Arsenic	mg/L	0.	01	< 0.002	
Lead	mg/L	0.01		< 0.005	
Cadmium	mg/L	0.0	05	< 0.0005	
Copper	mg/L	2.	.0	< 0.01	
Nickel	mg/L	0.	02	< 0.005	
Postatium permanganate consumption	mg/LO_2	5.	.0	< 0.04	
E.coli	CFU/100mL	()	0	
Streptoccocus	CFU/100mL	()	0	
HPC 20	CFU/mL	20		0	
HPC 36 CFU/		10	00	30	

TVO (2001) ... German Technical and Scientific Association for Gas and Water, German drinking water directive

EU (1998) ... European Union, Directive 98/83/EC: Council Directive of 3 November 1998 on the quality of water intended for human consumption



Blackwater

Performance Blackwater

summary of blackwater quality and removal efficiency (Apr – Oct 2007)

Blackwater						
Parameter		Unit	ST	MBR	OZ	UV
COD	Average	mg/L	720	136.4	40,0	24,5
	removal efficiency	%	-	82	94	97
TN	Average	mg/L	279,0	133,5	150,2	145,9
	removal efficiency	%	-	52	48	50
ТР	Average	mg/L	29,2	29,2	30,5	30,5
	removal efficiency	%	-	0	-7	-7
E. coli	Median	CFU/100mL	2,20E+06	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	removal efficiency	%	-	100	100	100
Streptoccocus	Median	CFU/100mL	4,14E+05	0,00E+00	0,00E+00	0,00E+00
	removal efficiency	%	-	100	100	100

ST ... Storage tank; MBR ... Membrane-Bio-Reactor; OZ ... Ozonation; UV ... UV-Disinfection

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Blackwater

Performance Blackwater

comparison of effluent to requirements for toilet flushing water (selection)

		Guide	KOMPLETT	
Parameter	Unit	U.S.EPA 2004	FBR 2004	Apr - Oct 2007
Temperature	°C	-	-	33.7
Conductivity	mS/cm	-	-	1.7
pH-value	pH-value	6 - 9	-	4.1
Dissolved Oxygen	%	-	> 50	n.d.
Biological Oxidation Demand (BOD ₅)	mg/L	10	5.0 ¹⁾	3.7 ²⁾
Total suspended solids	mg/L	5.0	-	n.d.
E.coli	CFU/100mL	0	1,000	0
Ps. aeruginosa	CFU/100mL	-	100	2

U.S. EPA (2004) ... U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Guidelines for Water Reuse USEPA/625/R-04/108 FBR (2005) ... German association of professionals for service and rainwater utilization, Guideline H 201

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- process scheme produces high effluent qualities for separated grey- and blackwater and provides a safe and alternative source of water supply
- greywater effluent quality meets highest requirements for utilization, e.g. drinking water standards of EU
- blackwater effluent quality corresponds to international reuse standards for toilet flushing
 - nitrogen removal is limited in the biological process
 - blackwater contains a high fraction of inert COD







- integration of the Komplett-System as a Demonstration plant in Oberhausen
 - enrichment of micro-pollutants and reverse accumulation
 - users acceptance
 - ...
- start of demonstration phase: 01|2007









thank you for your attention!

www.kovPLETT-projekt.de

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