

Syrian refugee crisis in Lebanon: Fatigue in numbers

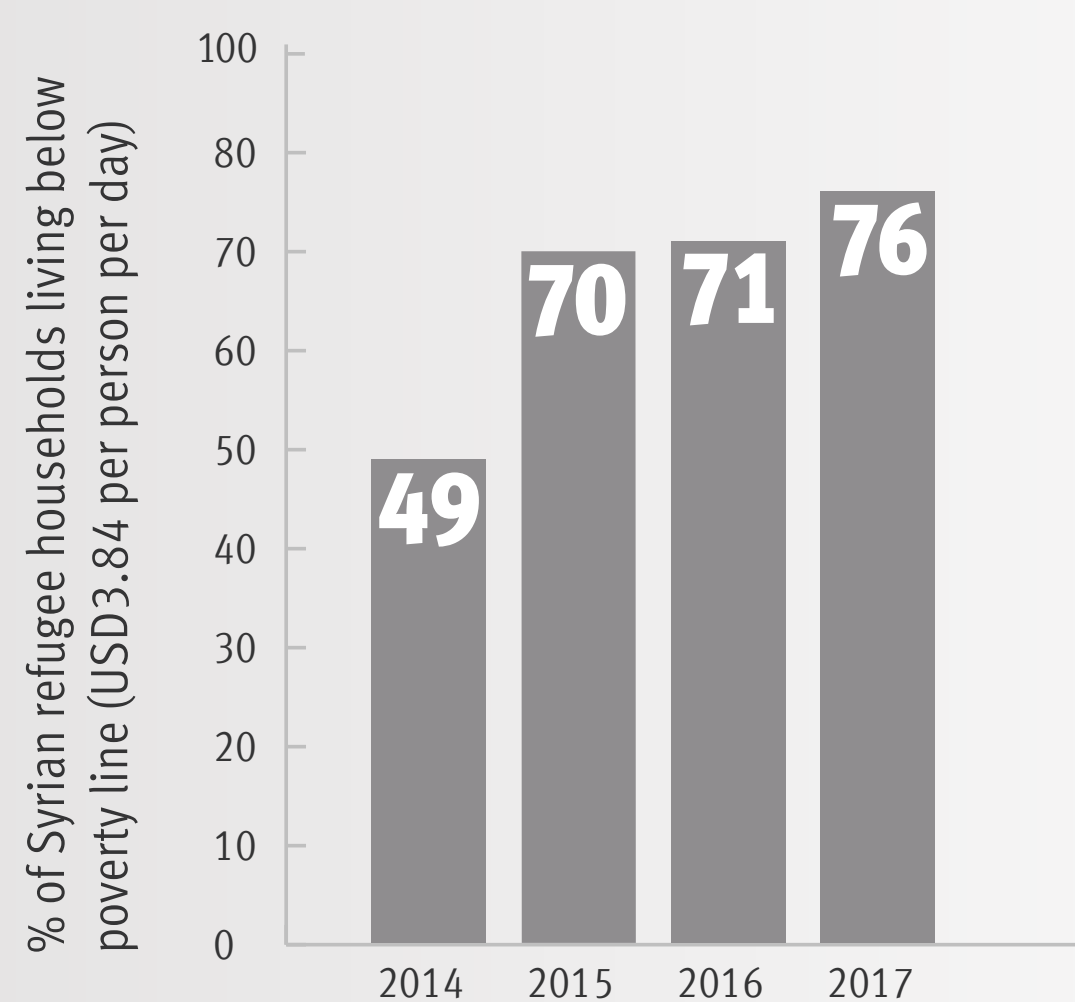


Over **1 million** Syrian refugees

have fled to Lebanon since the onset of the war in Syria—this is the largest number of refugees per capita, **almost 1 in 4**, for any country in the world. Now going into its **8th year**, the crisis has taken its toll on refugees, host communities, and donors alike, and is being manifested as fatigue.

Syrian refugees are **struggling to cope** with life in Lebanon:

Poverty among refugees is increasing over time



77%

of households experienced a lack of food or money to buy food 30 days prior to the 2017 Vulnerability Assessment Survey



53%

of households are in shelters that do not meet the minimum humanitarian standards



Lebanese host communities have **negative perceptions** regarding the extended refugee presence in Lebanon:

92%

agreed that the presence of many Syrian refugees is placing too much strain on Lebanon's resources like water and electricity

41.6%

living in vulnerable cadastres reported knowing someone who has lost their job/business or occupation to a Syrian

48.8%

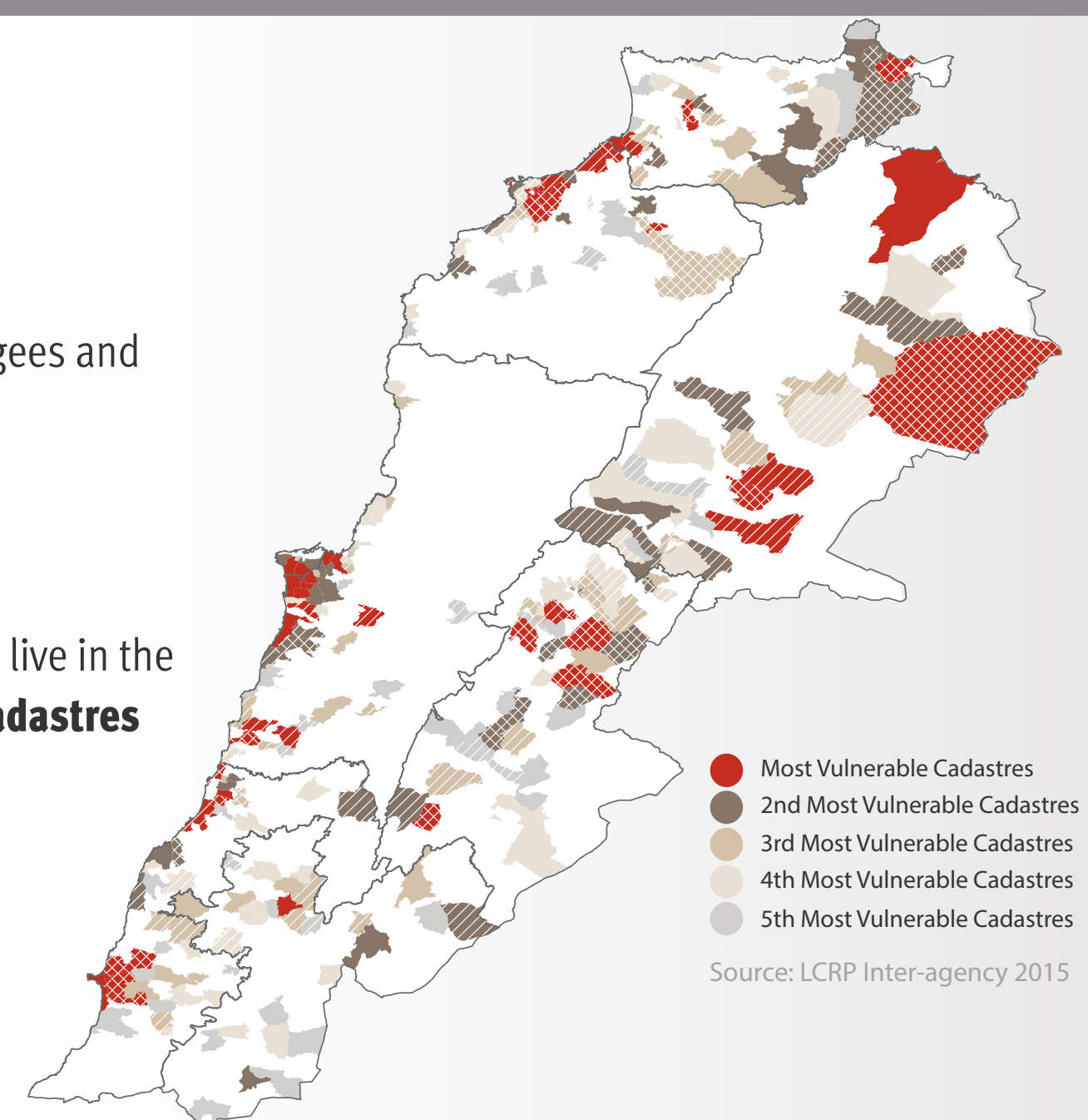
indicated that relations with Syrian refugees had worsened since 2014

87%

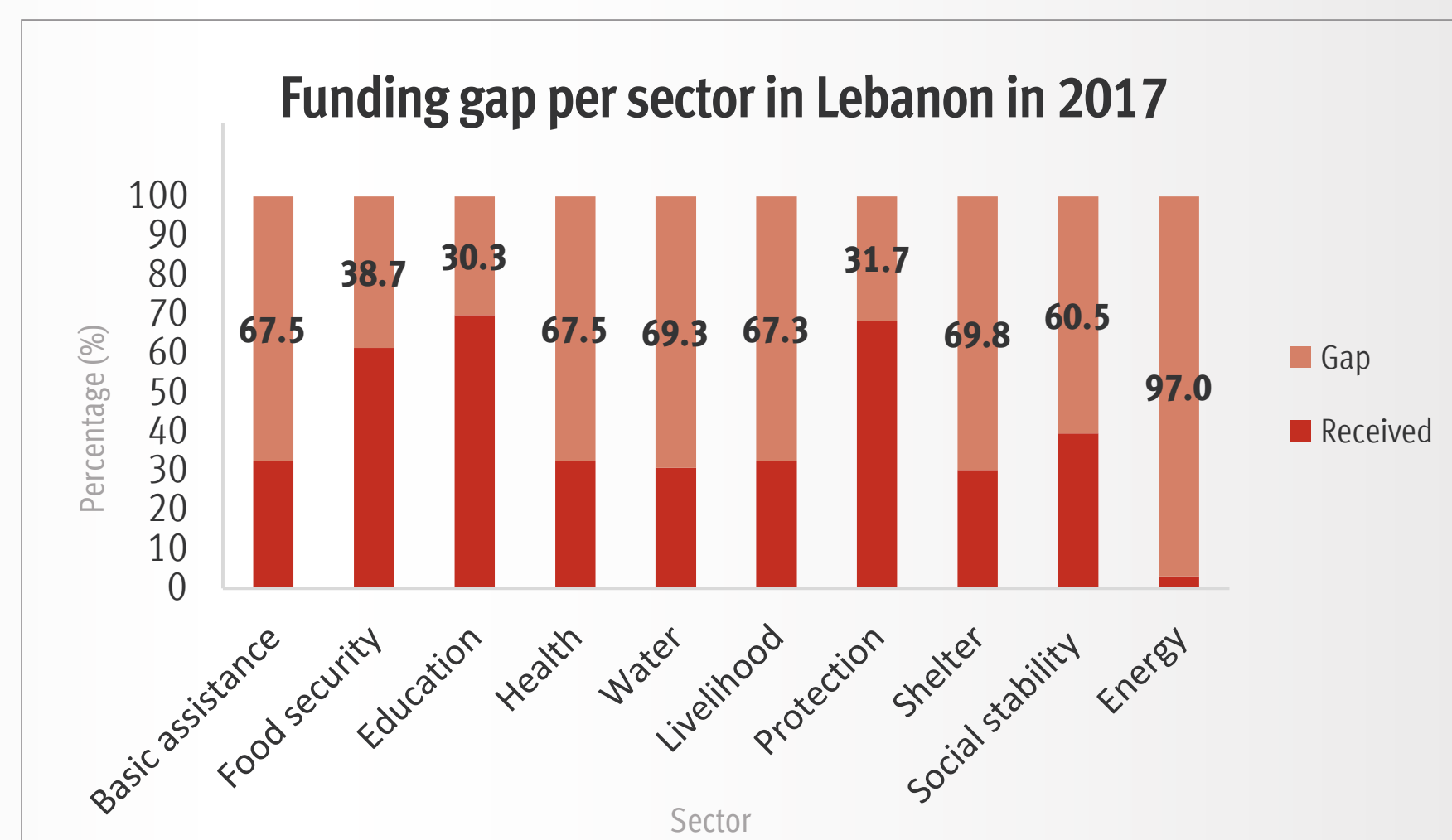
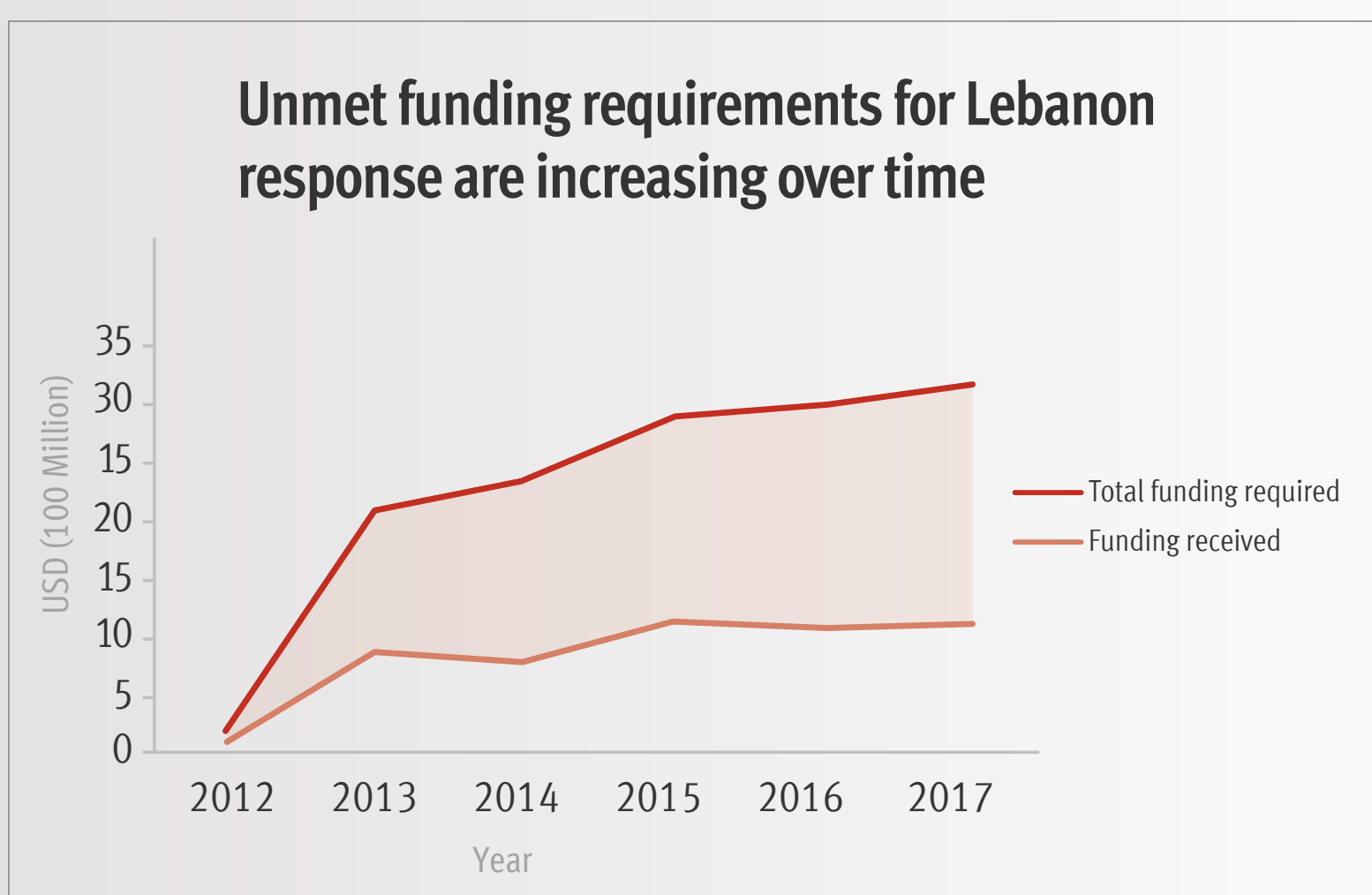
of registered Syrian refugees and

67%

of the poorest Lebanese live in the **251 most vulnerable cadastres of Lebanon**



Donor assistance does not fulfill the needs of refugees and vulnerable host communities, with some sectors significantly **underfunded**:



Sources: 2017 Vulnerability Assessment Survey of Syrian Refugees in Lebanon; 2017 Regular Perception Surveys on Social Tensions throughout Lebanon: Wave II; UNHCR Syria Regional Refugee Response Data Portal; 2017 LCRP End of Year Funding Dashboard.