



Global goals and targets related to WASH in healthcare facilities



Goals		Targets		
6 CEEANWITER AND	6: Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all	6.1: By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all		
		6.2: By 2030 achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations		
3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-STEMS	3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	3.8: Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all		

Source: Core questions and indicators for monitoring WASH in health care facilities in the Sustainable Development Goals. Geneva: World Health Organization and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2018.

WASH in HCF: 2018 Call to Action

Vision

Every health facility has the necessary WASH services and practices in order to provide essential, quality health services for everyone, everywhere.



At least 60% of all health care facilities globally and in each SDG region have basic WASH services by 2022, and 80% by 2025, with the ultimate aim of 100% by 2030.

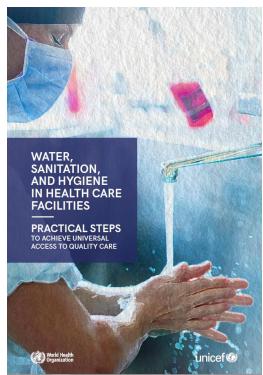
By 2021, all countries have completed and reported baseline WASH in HCF assessments, have set national targets that identify and act to reduce sub-national disparities and are developing or have developed and are implementing national standards.





WASH IN HCF – Relevant publications from JMP







Definition of Basic service levels for different thematic areas for WASH in HCF

Water

Basic service

Water is available from an improved source located on premises.

Sanitation

Basic service

Improved sanitation facilities are usable with at least one toilet dedicated for staff, at least one sex-separated toilet with menstrual hygiene facilities, and at least one toilet accessible for people with limited mobility.

Hygiene

Basic service

Functional hand hygiene facilities (with water and soap and/or alcoholbased hand rub) are available at points of care, and within 5 meters of toilets.

Health care waste

Basic service

Waste is safely segregated into at least three bins and sharps and infectious waste are treated and disposed of safely.

Environmental cleaning

Basic service

Basic protocols for cleaning available, and staff with cleaning responsibilities have all received training.

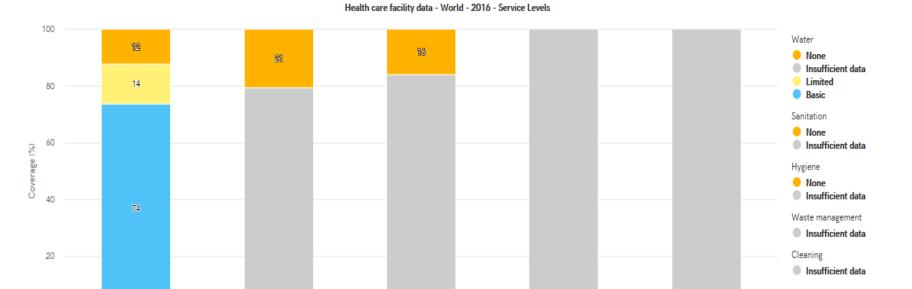
Source: Core questions and indicators for monitoring WASH in health care facilities in the Sustainable Development Goals. Geneva: World Health Organization and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2018.

Defining all service levels for different thematic areas for WASH in HCF

	WATER	SANITATION	HYGIENE	WASTE MANAGEMENT	ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANING
BASIC SERVICE	Water is available from an improved source ¹ on the premises.	Improved sanitation facilities ² are usable, with at least one toilet dedicated for staff, at least one sex-separated toilet with menstrual hygiene facilities, and at least one toilet accessible for people with limited mobility.	Functional hand hygiene facilities (with water and soap and/ or alcohol-based hand rub) are available at points of care, and within five metres of toilets.	Waste is safely segregated into at least three bins, and sharps and infectious waste are treated and disposed of safely.	Basic protocols for cleaning are available, and staff with cleaning responsibilities have all received training.
LIMITED SERVICE	An improved water source is within 500 metres of the premises, but not all requirements for basic service are met.	At least one improved sanitation facility is available, but not all requirements for basic service are met.	Functional hand hygiene facilities are available either at points of care or toilets but not both.	There is limited separation and/ or treatment and disposal of sharps and infectious waste, but not all requirements for basic service are met.	There are cleaning protocols and/or at least some staff have received training on cleaning.
NO SERVICE	Water is taken from unprotected dug wells or springs, or surface water sources; or an improved source that is more than 500 metres from the premises; or there is no water source.	Toilet facilities are unimproved (e.g. pit latrines without a slab or platform, hanging latrines, bucket latrines) or there are no toilets.	No functional hand hygiene facilities are available either at points of care or toilets.	There are no separate bins for sharps or infectious waste, and sharps and/or infectious waste are not treated/disposed of.	No cleaning protocols are available and no staff have received training on cleaning.

Source: Core questions and indicators for monitoring WASH in health care facilities in the Sustainable Development Goals. Geneva: World Health Organization and the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), 2018.

Global Baseline Status for WASH in HCF (2016)



Hygiene

Waste management

Cleaning

Source: https://washdata.org/data/healthcare#!/

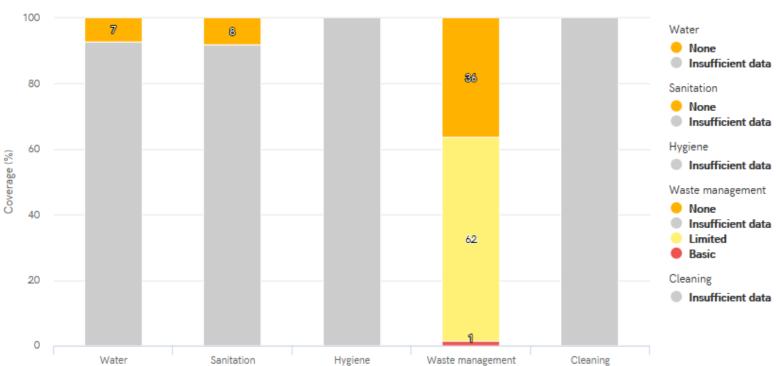
Sanitation

Water

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WASH in HCF Baseline status in Nepal (2016)



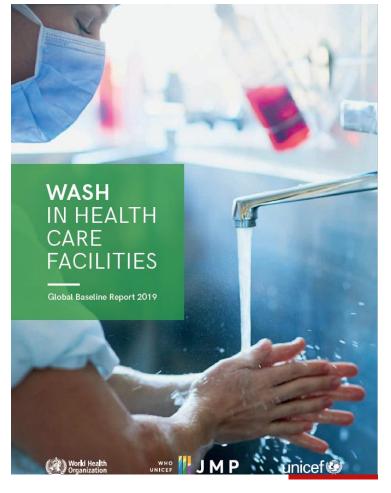


More detailed information / References

UNICEF/WHO/JMP: WASH in Health Care Facilities: Global Baseline Report 2019

WHO expert: Rick Johnston (johnstonr@who.int)

Statistics to WASH: www.washdata.org



Contact



Dr. Bella Monse Senior Advisor

bella.monse@giz.de +63 908 880 2446





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