

Thermal sludge treatment

Emergency Sanitation Workshop

Delft June 15th 2012, UNESCO-IHE

Contact:

Stefan Salzmann
Director of Technology & Sales

BAMAG
Zum Oberwerk 6
Germany, 35510 Butzbach

Phone: +49 (6033) 83 410
Fax:: +49 (6033) 83 8410
email: stefan.salzmann@bamag-gmbh.de

The Unloved Rest *The Unknown Thing*

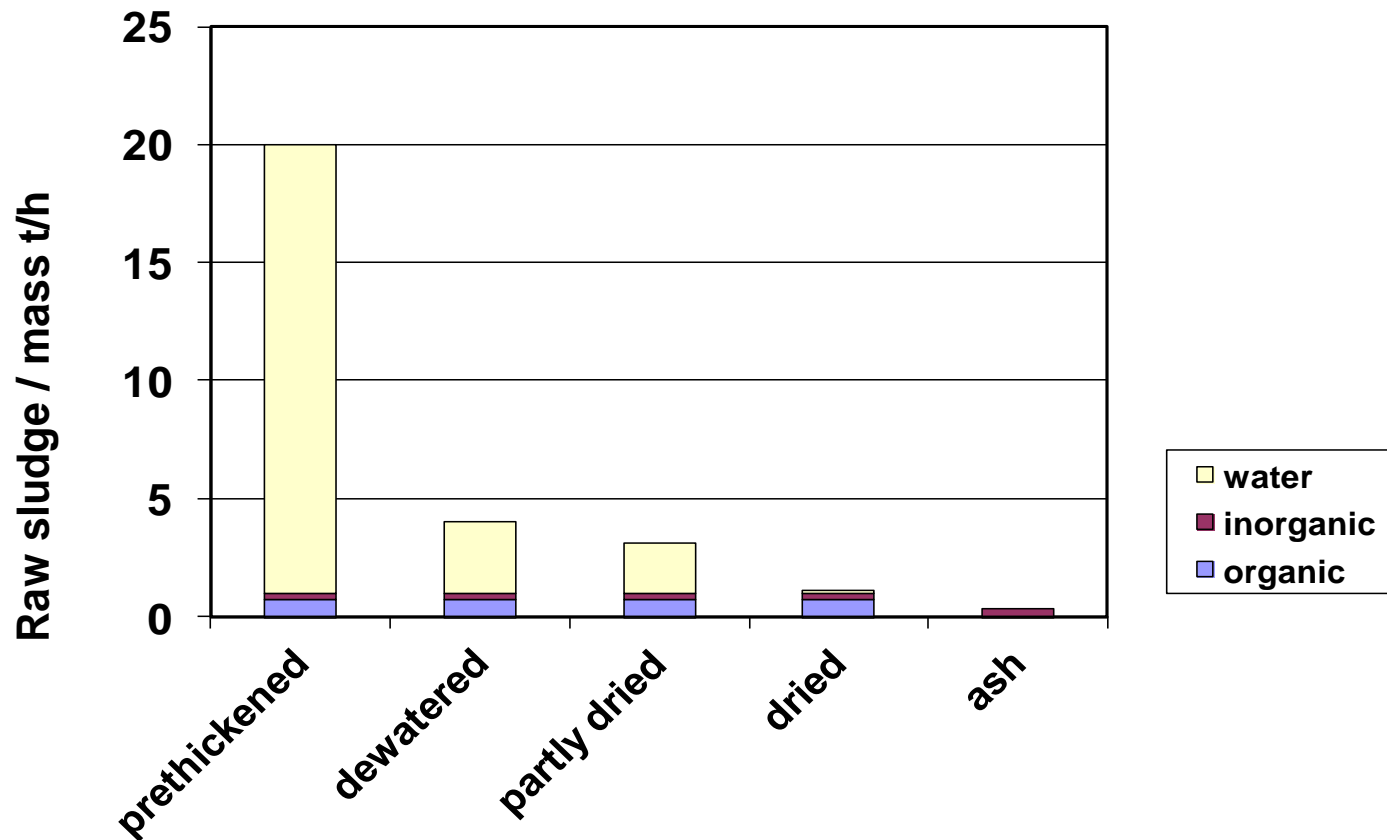


Sludge types

- Raw Sludge 30 % Ash from DS
- Digested Sludge 45 % Ash from DS

- Thickened Sludge 3 - 7 % DS
- Dewatered Sludge 20 - 30 % DS
- Partly Dried Sludge 30 - 50 % DS
- Dried Sludge 80 - 95 % DS

*Raw sludge,
Reduction of mass from 20 t to 0.3 t*



Sludge incineration plant

- Dewatering
- Drying
- Incineration
- Heat Recovery
- Flue Gas Treatment
- Ash Handling

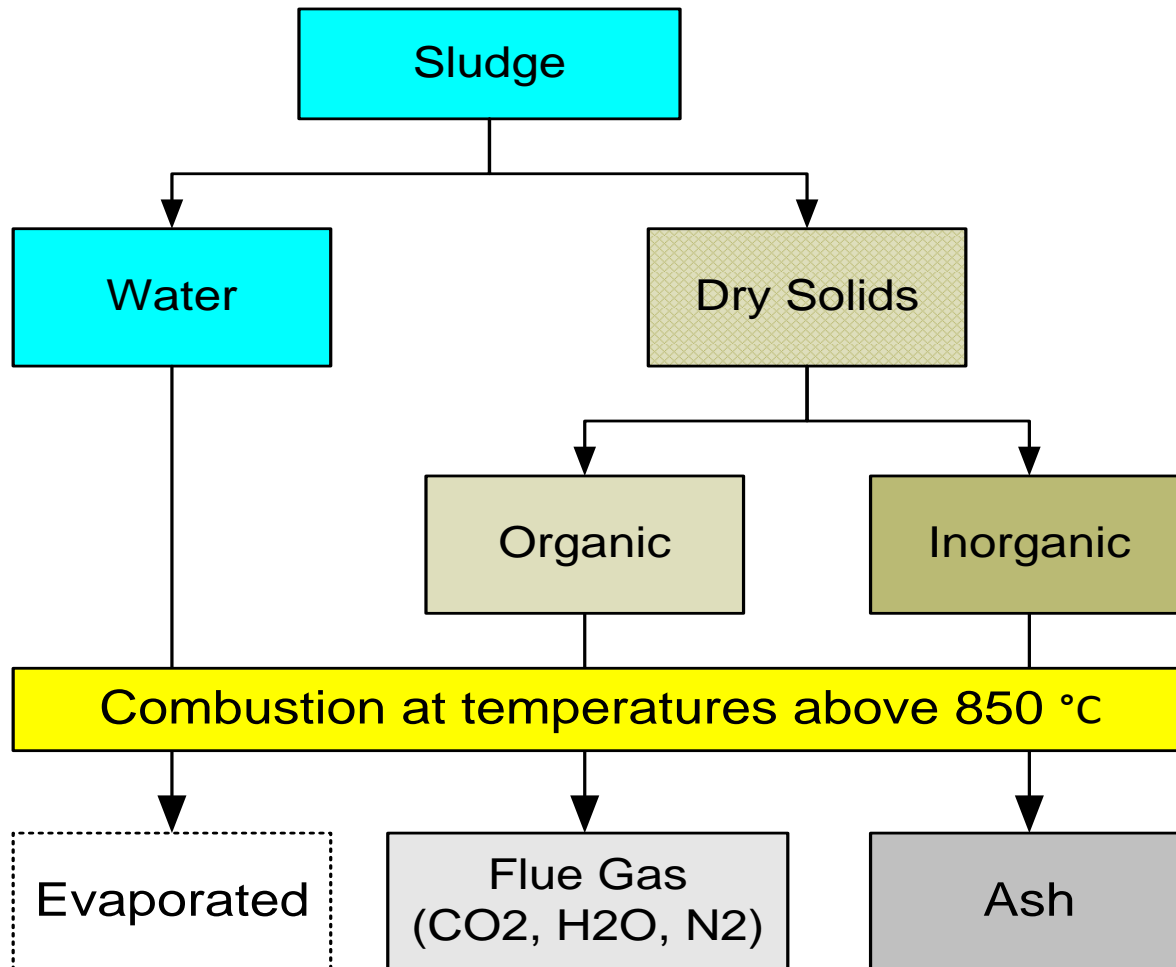
Dewatering

- Centrifuges
- Belt Presses
- Membrane Presses

Drying

- Thin Film Dryer
- Disc Dryer
- Paddle Dryer

Incineration



Typical composition of organic

	Sewage Sludge	Paper Sludge	Wood	Lignite Coal
C	55,4 %	50,4 %	50,4 %	69,5 %
H	7,2 %	7,0 %	6,2 %	5,6 %
N	6,0 %	2,7 %	0,1 %	1,0 %
O	30,3 %	39,5 %	43,3 %	22,7 %
Cl	0,1 %	0,1 %	< 0,5 %	0 %
S	1,0 %	0,3 %	0 %	1,2 %

Calorific values and composition

Equation Vondrãcek:

$$h_u = (78,6 + 2,8 (100 - C)^{0,25}) C + 215 (H - 0,1 O) + 25 S \text{ [kcal/kg]}$$

High and Medium Part Volatile

„Verbandsformel“ of Dulong:

$$h_u = 81 C + 290 (H - 0,125 O) + 25 S \text{ [kcal/kg]}$$

Low Part Volatile

Equation of Boie (Waste):

$$h_u = 34,8 C + 93,9 h + 10,5 s + 6,3 n - 10,8 o - 2,5 w \text{ [MJ/kg]}$$

Ash composition

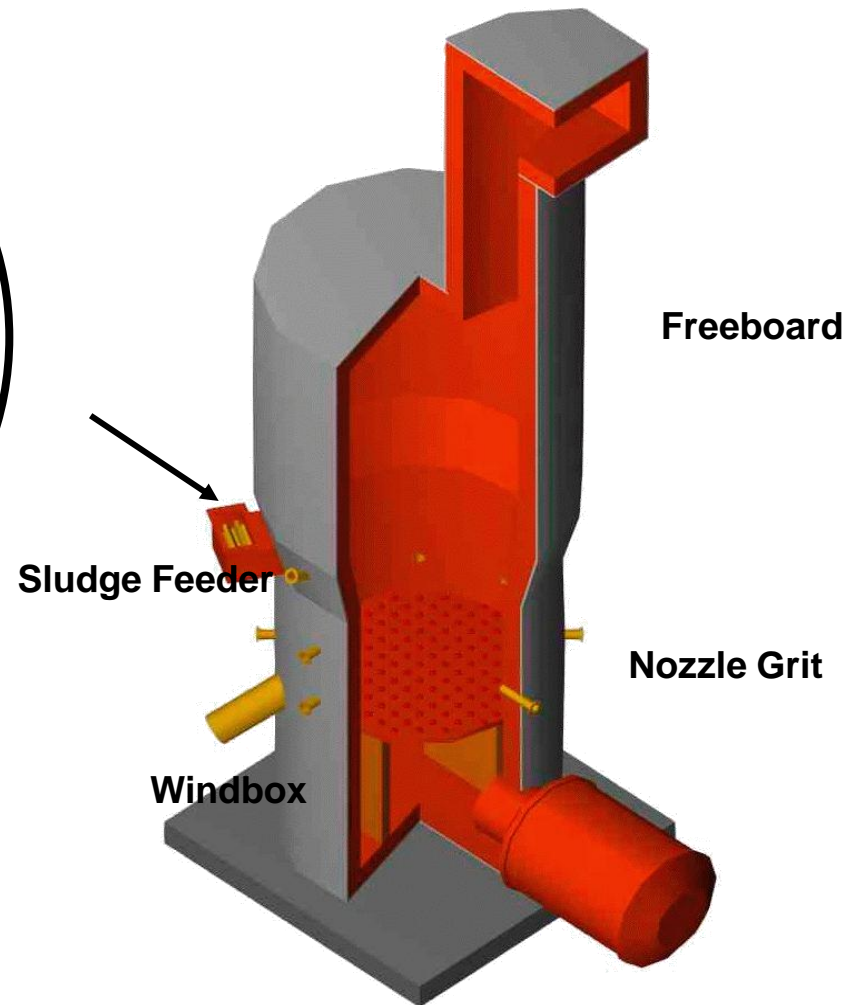
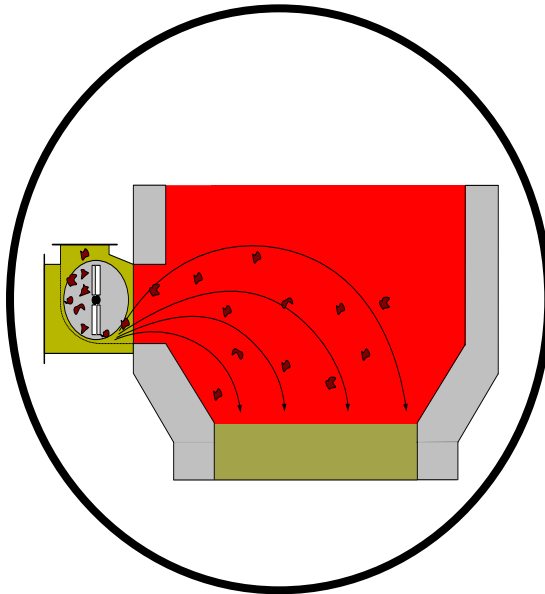
- CaO 15 % – 40 %
- SiO₂ 11 % – 35 %
- P₂O₅ 10 % – 16 %
- Al₂O₃ 11 % – 15 %
- Fe₂O₃ 3 % – 9 %
- SO₃ 1 % – 3 %
- K₂O 0.5 % – 1.5 %
- Na₂O 0 % – 5 %
- MgO 0 % – 2 %

Melting point > 1050 C!!!!

Combustion technologies

- Fluidised Bed Incinerator
- Multiple Hearth Furnace
- Cyclone Burner
- Grate Furnace

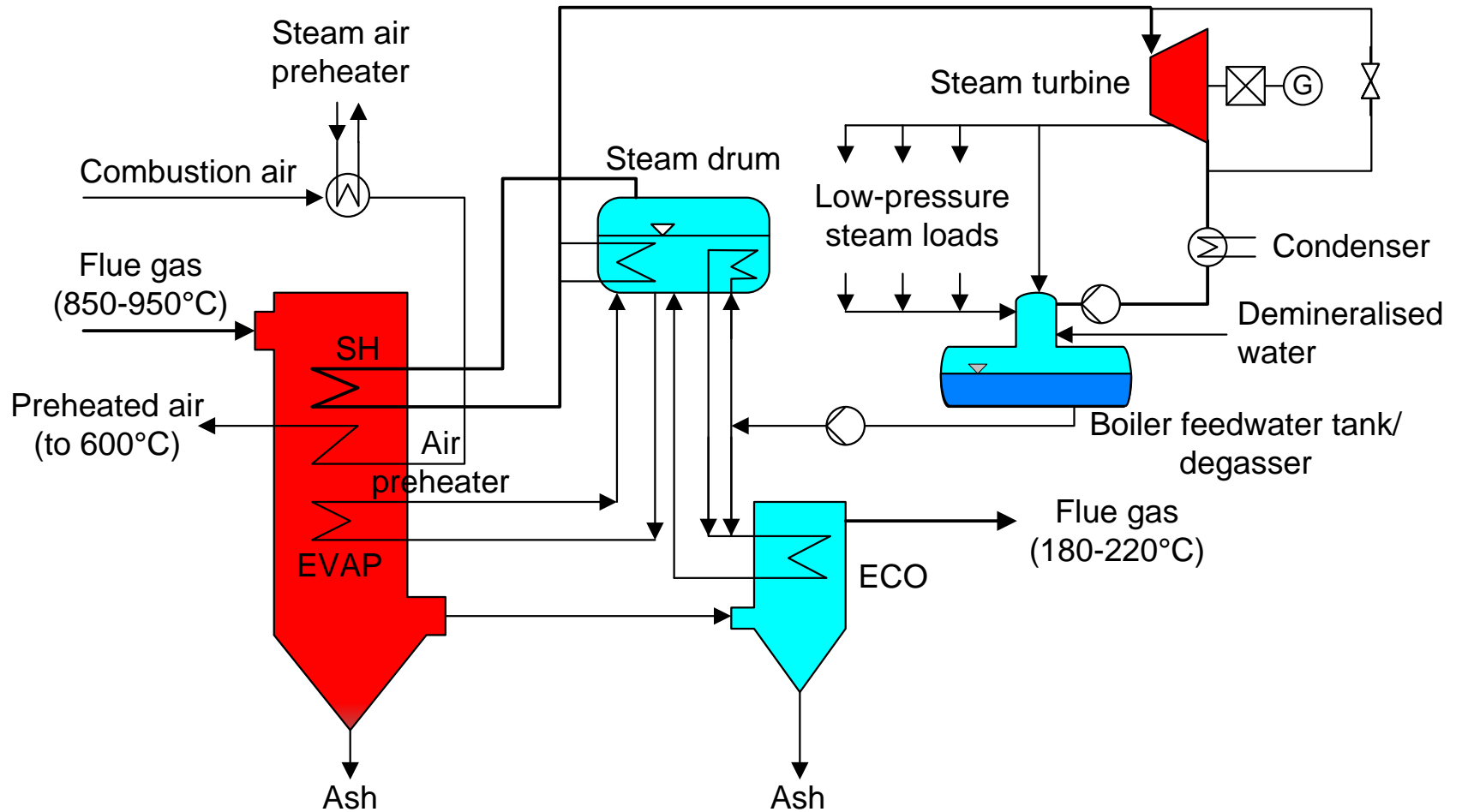
Fluidised bed incinerator



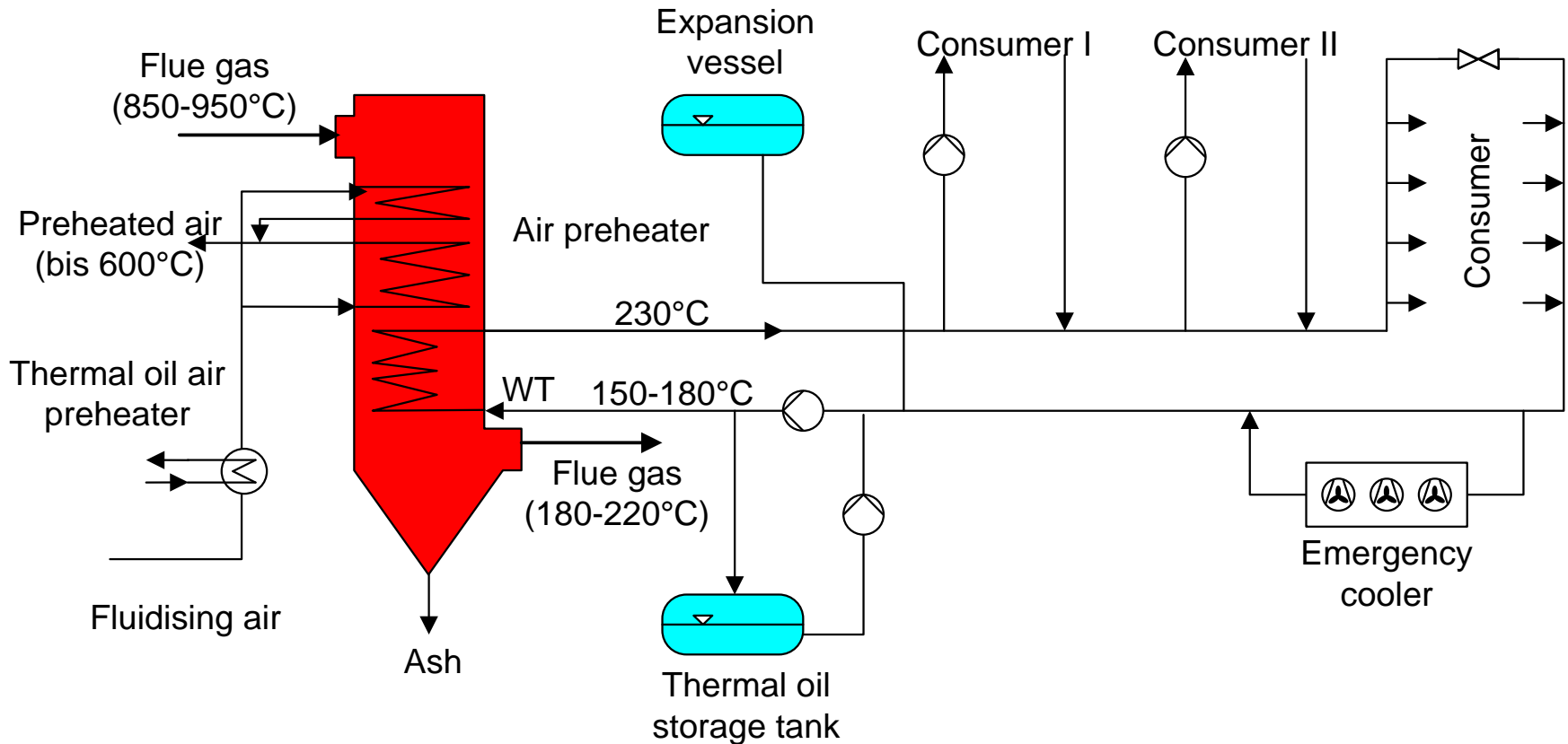
Heat Recovery

- Steam
- Hot Water
- Thermal Oil
- Air Heating

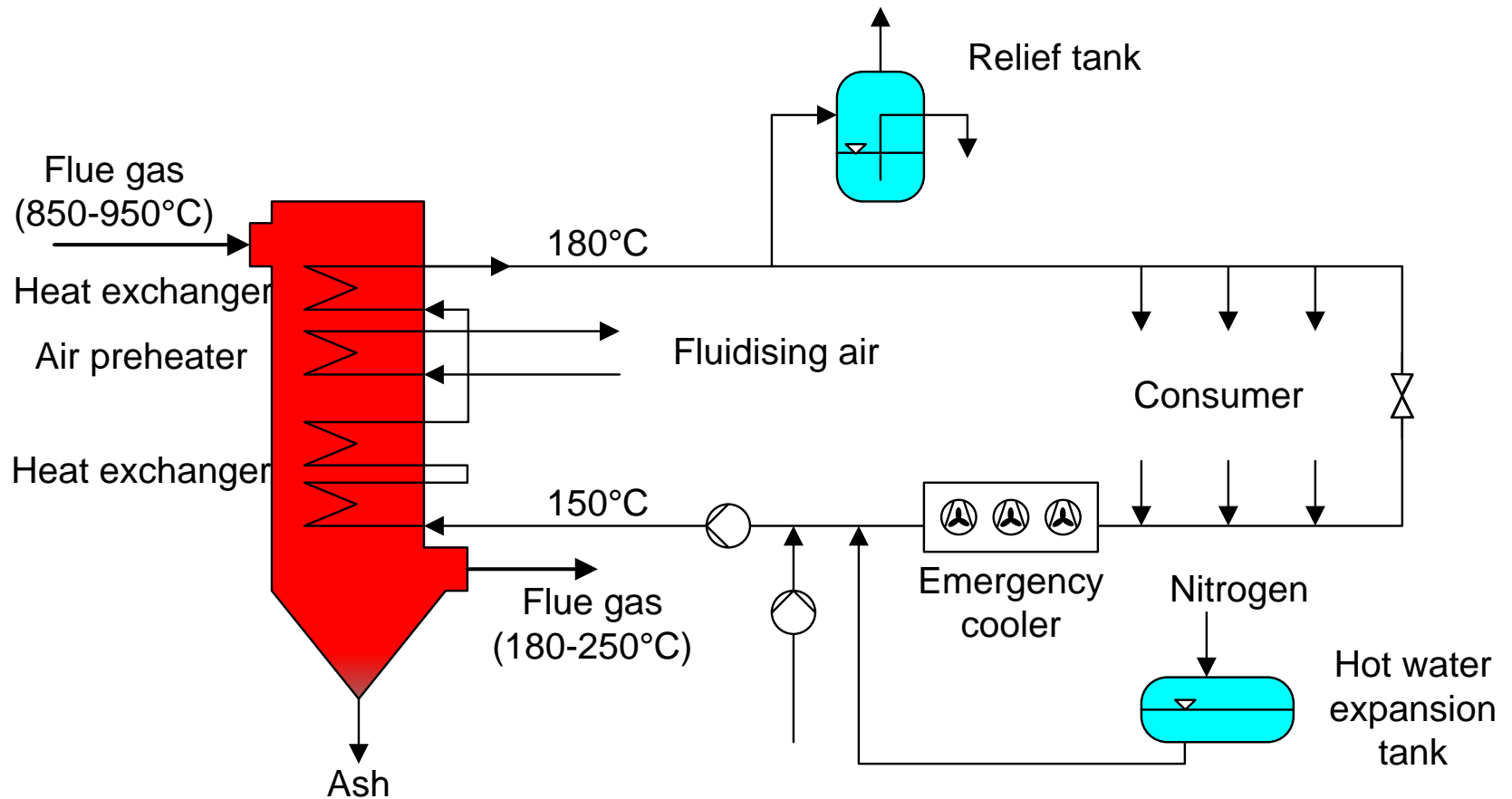
Heat recovery, steam



Heat recovery, thermal oil



Heat recovery, hot water



Flue gas cleaning



Flue gas cleaning

		Raw Gas Values of Incineration Plants at 11 Vol.-% O₂		
		Waste Incineration	Special Waste Incineration	Sludge Incineration
Dust	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	3000 - 8000	8000 - 15000	15000 - 70000
SO₂	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	300 - 600	400 - 1000	1500 - 5000
NO_x	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	300 - 450	250 - 400	80 - 800
HCl	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	1000 - 2000	3000 - 8000	50 - 100
HF	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	10 - 20	150 - 400	-
CO	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]			10
Pb	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]			
Hg	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	0,4 - 1,0	0,4 - 1,0	0,5 - 1,0
Cd	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]			
PCDD	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]	(4 up to 10) * 10 ⁻⁶	(2 up to 10) * 10 ⁻⁶	< 0,1 * 10 ⁻⁶
PCDF	[mg/Nm ³ _{dry}]			

German stipulated emission limits Waste Incineration Directive, daily averages

	1962, first German sludge incineration plant mg/m ³	TA-Luft 74 mg/m ³	TA-Luft 86 mg/m ³	17th BImSchV 1990 mg/m ³	17th BImSchV 1999 mg/m ³	Waste Incineration Directive 2000/76/EC mg/m ³
Dust	150	100	30	10	10	10
C org	-	-	20	10	10	10
HCl	-	100	50	10	10	10
HF	-	5	2	1	1	1
CO	-	1000	100	50	50	50
SO ₂	-	-	100	50	50	50
NO _x	-	-	500	200	200	200
Cd, Tl	-	Class I: 20	Class I: 0.2	0.05	0.05	0.05
Hg	-			Class II: 50	0.05	0.03
Sb, As, Pb, Cr, Cu, Co, Mn, Ni, V, Sn	-	Class III: 50	Class II: 1 Class III: 5	0.5	0.5	0.5
PCDD/PCDF	-	-	-	0.1 [ng/m ³]	0.1 [ng/m ³]	0.1 [ng/m ³]

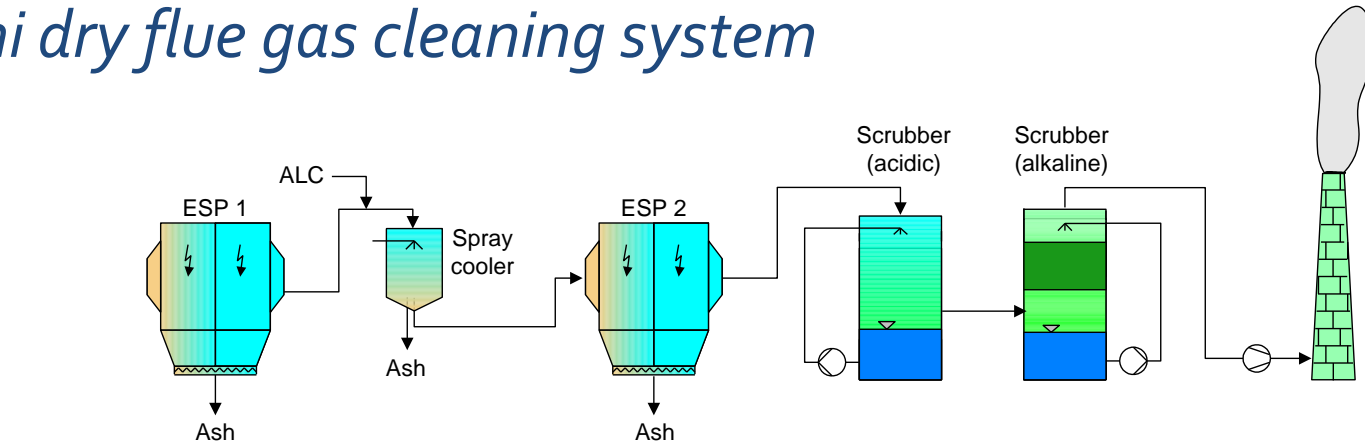
Controlling emissions of NO_x, CO and CH

- Continuous furnace feeding
- Bed temperatures < 810 C
- Head temperatures > 880 C
- O₂ level 3 - 10 %
- SNCR with ammonia or urea

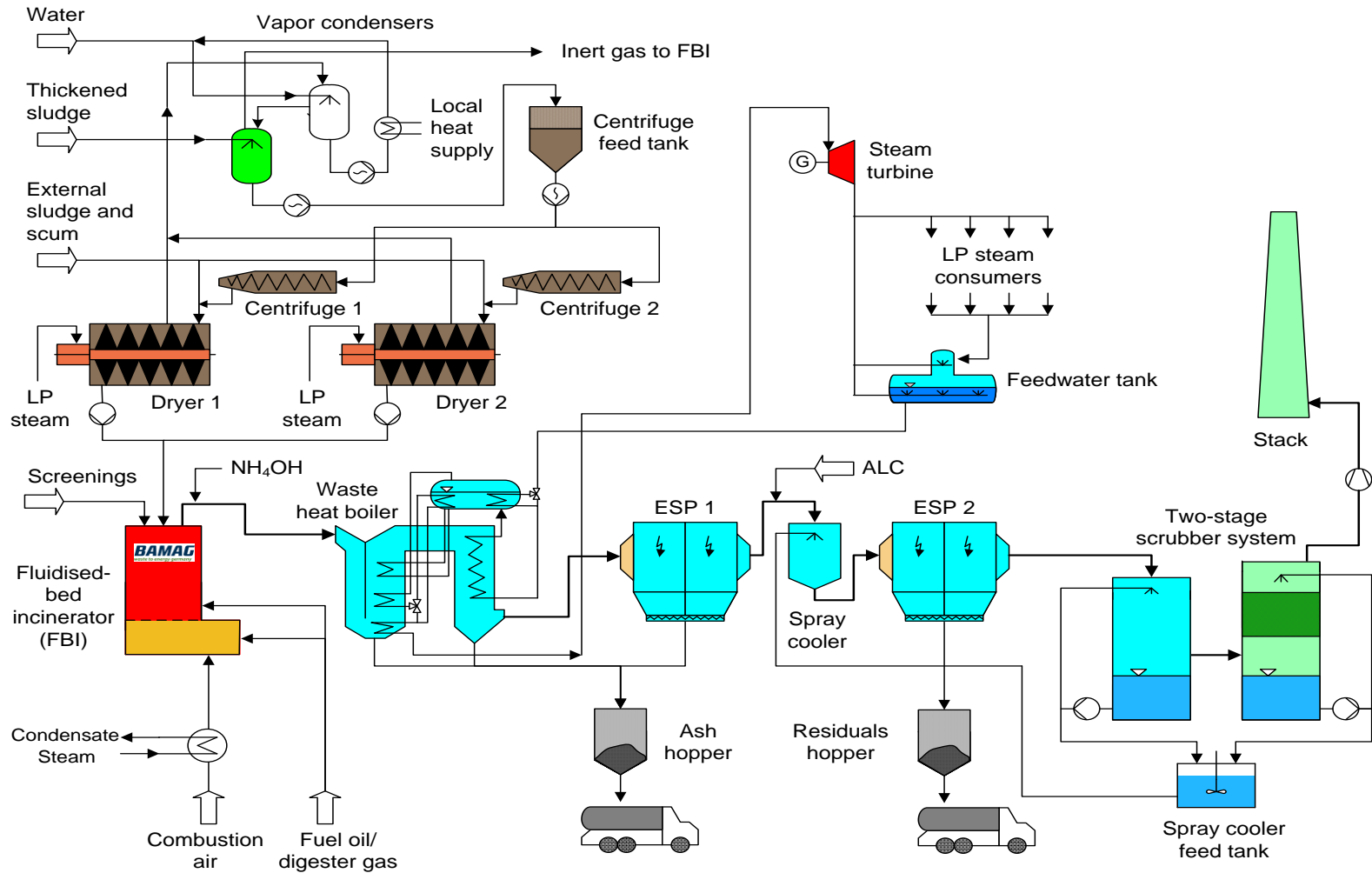
Components of municipal sewage sludge

- S = 0,5 - 2 % from DS
- Cl = 0,2 % from DS
- F = 0,02 % from DS
- Ash/Dust = 30 - 50 % from DS
- Hg = 1 - 2 mg/kg from DS

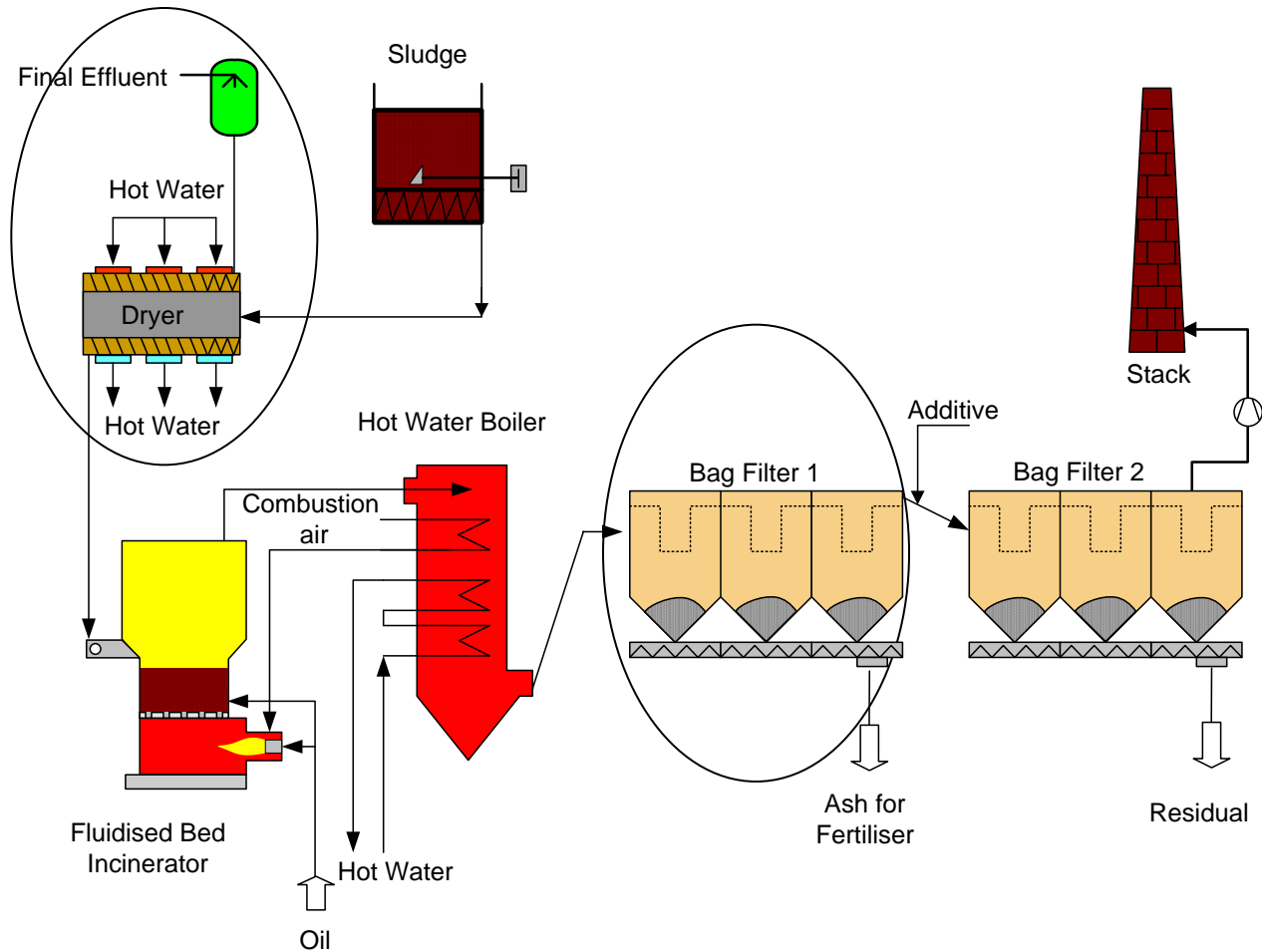
Semi dry flue gas cleaning system



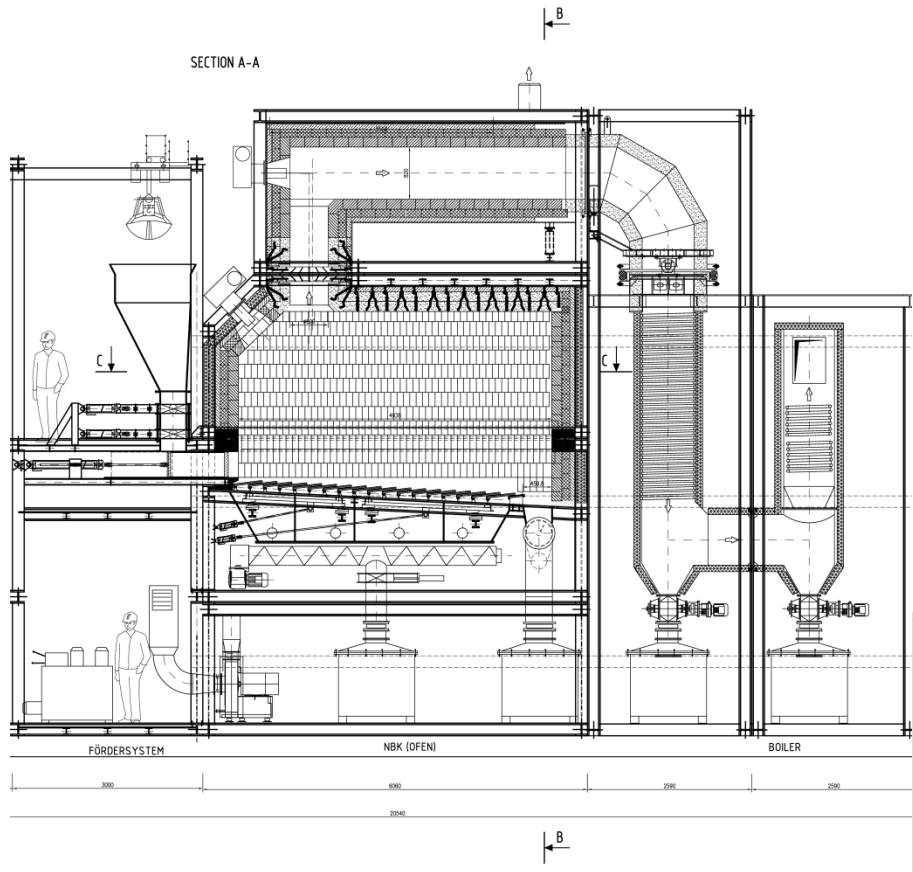
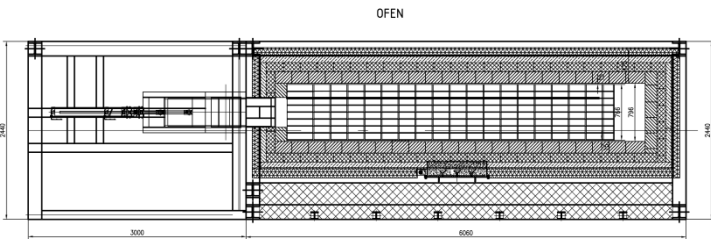
Sludge incineration plant, Stuttgart, Germany



Small size sludge incineration plant



Layout of incinerator



*Thank you
for your attention!*

BAMAG GmbH
Zum Oberwerk 6
35510 Butzbach
Germany